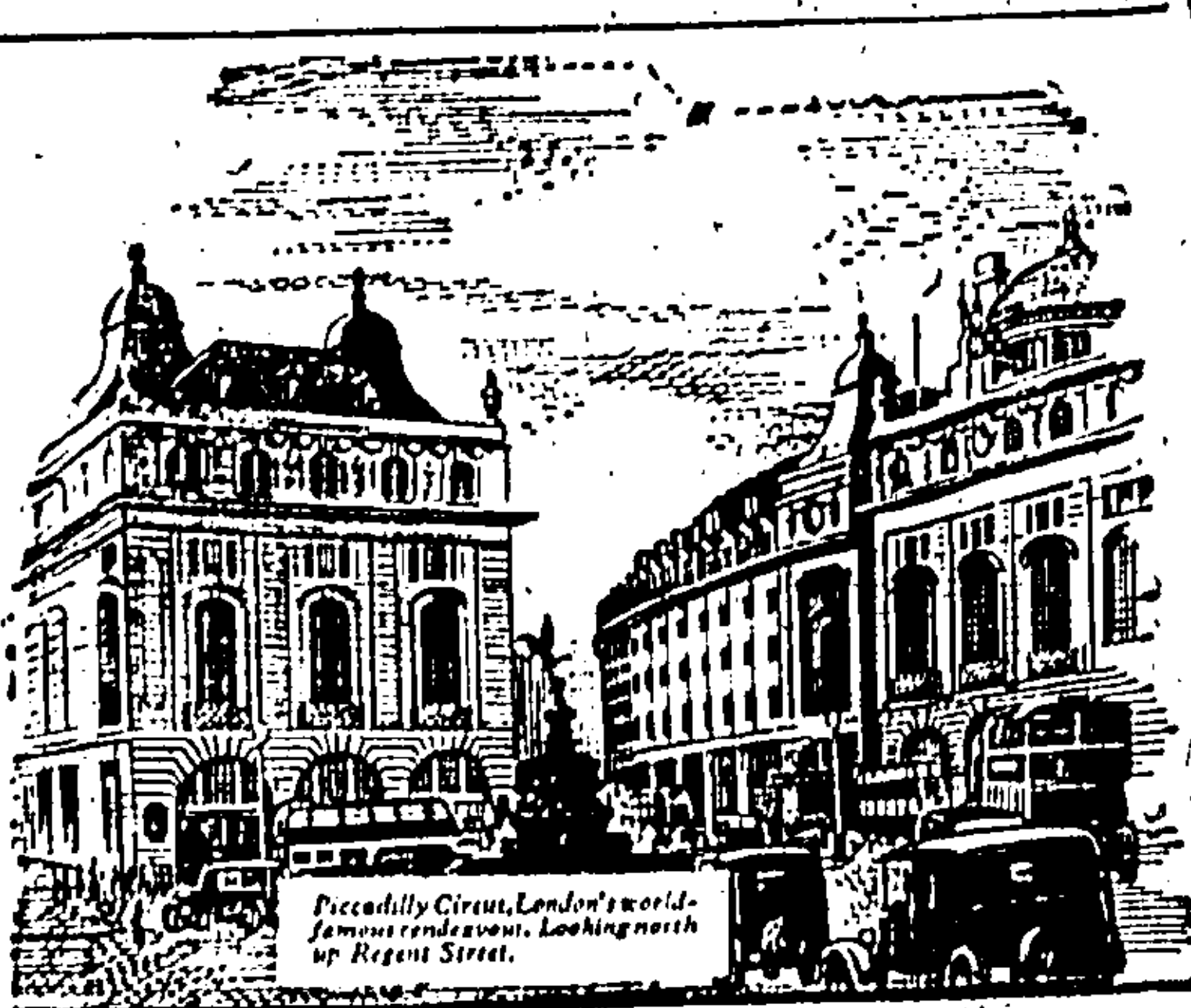




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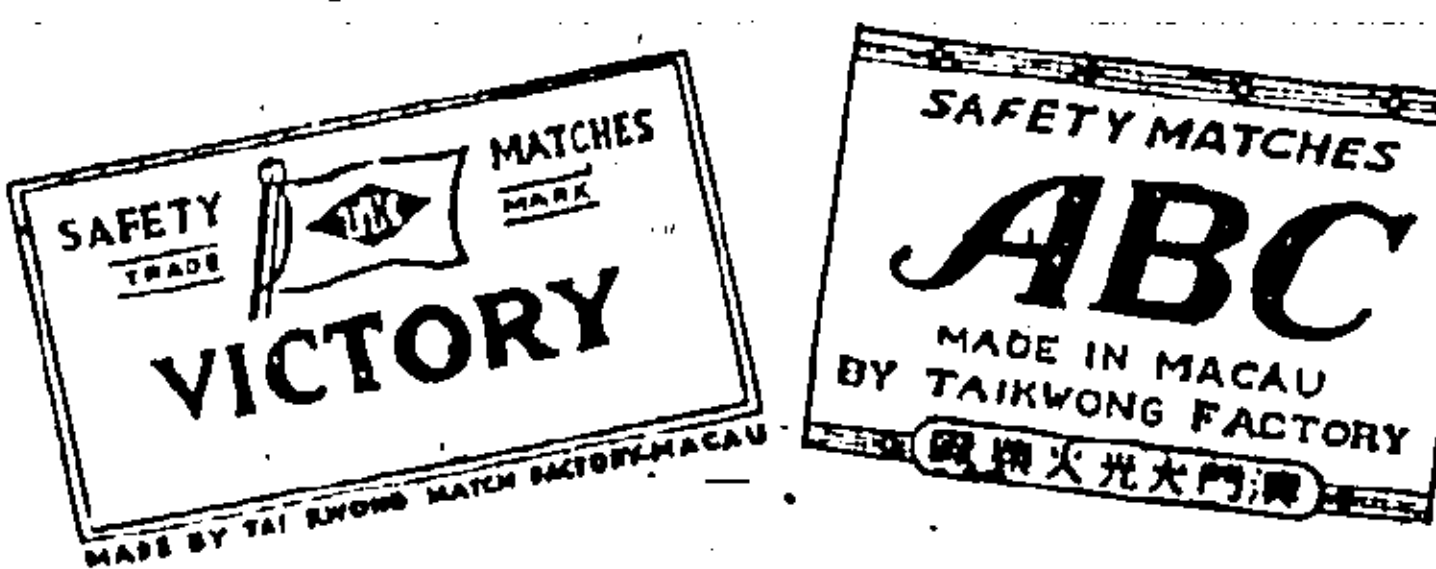
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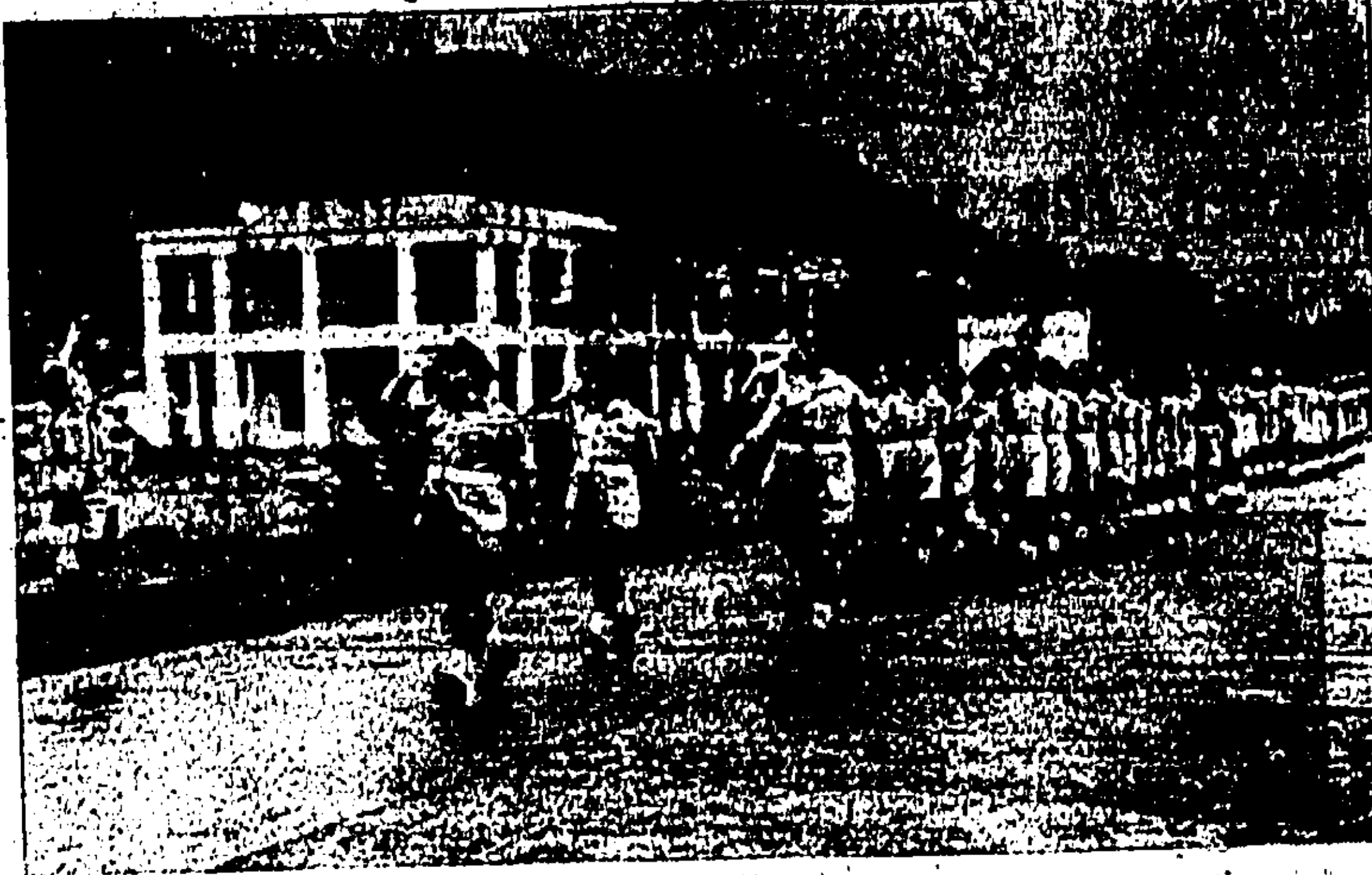
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BIBLE AUDITORIUM
MARK OF THE BEAST

Keep this Date Open! Sunday Sept. 18



The RAF Regiment (Malaya) march past during the Battle of Britain Day parade at Kai Tak yesterday. At extreme left Group Captain Worral, OC Kai Tak, taking the salute. ("China Mail" Photo).

Correspondence

The Editor takes no responsibility for views expressed in letters by correspondents, and by no means necessarily agrees with them.

Questionable Taste

Sir—May I congratulate you and Mr. Quentin Pope, the latter for writing and you for publishing the letter appearing in your correspondence columns today.

The good taste of yourself and Mr. Pope in publishing such a letter in this particular day, is questionable, to say the least.

Relative of one who died in the Battle of Britain.

Sorry For Mr. Pope

Sir—Let us hope that the majority of your readers will not allow themselves to be drawn by Mr. Quentin Pope into a public argument as to who won the war. These wrangles arise from time to time and they are invariably fruitless in so far as neither party to the argument is ever prepared to be convinced by anything that the opposing party writes. No one is ever the better of these arguments and certainly in this case only ill-effect could result.

I think one should feel sorry for, rather than angry with Mr. Quentin Pope for being so devoid of good taste and human decency as to mar the day which has been set aside for honouring the memory of the gallant fliers of Fighter Command by an attempt to diminish the significance of their sacrifice.

A. TODD.

Battle Of Britain

Sir—A number of us Britons were glad to hear from Mr. Quentin Pope (he couldn't be an American, I suppose) the truth about the Battle of Britain. As we suspected all the time, those of us who were in London in 1940, it never happened at all and if it did, it had no effect whatsoever on the course of the war.

As anyone who sees U.S. films, magazines and newspapers knows, the first world war did not start until 1917, or the second until the end of 1941. There were admittedly rumours about preliminary skirmishes by European nations, but they only provided a few years' space wherein America could develop her industries and swell her bank accounts until she was even greater than her previous greatness as the world's greatest nation.

As they are so acutely conscious of this undoubted fact, one might have imagined that he nationalists might allow other countries just a teeny piece of credit, at least prior to the time when Congress made the war official. But not even the Battle of Britain was only a minor, meaningless incident. I know it's far from original, but I still keep wondering how the supermen and glamour-gals would have reacted had it been the Battle of New York.

ALMOST RESIGNED.

Police Make Appeal To Public

Appealing to the public to aid them in wiping out opium dens, heroin dens and gambling houses, numerous police stations on the mainland have installed private letter boxes in front of the station to collect any information the public would like to give.

Installed specially for those who prefer not to walk into a police station and give their information, the letter boxes have a notice attached explaining the purpose of its presence.

One police officer said that the police welcomes any information which the public can offer in assisting them to keep peace and order.

Informants may or may not give their names and addresses to the police but if they do so a small reward will be given to them if the information helps the police.

Blockade Running

Sir—I refer to an item on the front page of your issue to today headed "Hong Kong's Trade with Red China."

In this article Mr. F. W. J. Skuttl, Assistant Director of Hong Kong Port Control, is alleged to have made certain statements regarding blockade-running from Hong Kong.

Mr. Skuttl did not make any of the statements credited to him in your article under reference, nor did he grant an interview to a representative of the Press on the subject of shipments to China from Hong Kong.

W. GORDON HARMON,
Public Relations Officer.

(Editor's note: Our reporter is puzzled by the above statement. The bulk of the story—the facts of the case—are not denied—was obtained from his own research. He claims, however, that he did speak to Mr. Skuttl, and obtained from him a description of cargoes carried to Communist-held ports. No other remarks in the article were attributed to Mr. Skuttl.)

Disappearing Funds

Sir—Tom Conally has been accused by friends of Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek of making untrue statements, that Chiang "absconded" \$138,000,000 in gold to Taiwan. Professor Roscoe Pound to Taiwan. Professor Roscoe Pound is the only person with qualities of leadership, strength and resolution necessary to head the Chinese Government.

Of course Conally did not make a true statement on the Chinese Generalissimo; our fuhrer has been grossly underestimated by the United States Senator. Since 1926 when our great fuhrer, Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek, succeeded in Shanghai and overthrewing all of his superiors and patrons who raised him from obscurity and poverty, he and his favoured families and "loyal" satellites, by resorting to inflation, requisitions, commandeerings, "liberty bonds," "taxes in kind," "forced labour standards," "gold offerings to celebrate" (Generalissimo) and to buy "aeroplane" and many other ingenious devices and "50 year plans," have collected China's revenues half a century ahead and invested them under various aliases in places from pole to pole and from continent to continent.

The sum is hundreds of thousands times \$138,000,000 and the territories of the world is certainly not confined to Taiwan.

In 1934, China's national income, according to Chiang Kai-shek's pronounced budget, were \$80,415,680.00 in hard silver currency whose purchasing power was and is as good as the bank note of similar denomination from the United States treasury. Eighty per cent of these monies have gone to Chiang's military regime which has never fought a real battle.

And 80 per cent of these 80 per cent military expenses went to the pocketbooks and moneybags of the big families and cover-ups of other "loyalists" of the Generalissimo. Who have voluntarily joined "The People's Republic of the Most Democratic Dictatorship under Comrades Stalin and Mao Tse-tung."

Chiang Kai-shek and his entourage have actually "absconded" some \$430,000,000 in gold to invest abroad and squandered at home annually. The Chiang Dynasty lasted some 23 years. So the total sum "absconded" has amounted to around \$9,600,000,000 to Switzerland, Argentina, the United States of America, the British Empire and Commonwealth and other places where Chiang and his business-like followers could think of or took fancy on.

It is a pity that a scholar of international reputation like Professor Pound should defend a man like Chiang Kai-shek, whose out-and-out opportunism and lack of humanity and Anglo-American way of life, partially revealed in his "China's Destiny," Professor Roscoe Pound cannot become the Chinese fuhrer's Paul Jones. Goodbye to the fuhrer's Paul Jones. Goodbye to the fuhrer's Paul Jones. Goodbye to the fuhrer's Paul Jones.

KAI TAK CEREMONY

Battle of Britain Day was commemorated yesterday by the Royal Air Force in a simple morning ceremony. More than 500 men took part in an early morning parade at Kai Tak, under a drizzling sky.

The officers and men of the RAF assembled, on the parade ground with Squadron Leader Reverend R. C. H. Swain conducting a short open-air service with a prayer.

The assembly then marched past Group Captain J. Worral who took the salute. The planned fly-past by Spitfire and Sunderland squadrons of the RAF was cancelled due to the inclement weather. Three veteran Battle of Britain pilots were present at the parade. They were Group Captain J. Worral, Squadron Leader R. D. Yule and Flight Lieutenant G. Mitchell.

KING'S ROAD SPEEDING CASE

Yuen Ho-ming, aged 27, odd job coole, was charged before Mr. Hin-shing Lo at Central yesterday with driving over the speed limit and failing to produce a licence.

It was alleged that on September 14, defendant drove a truck along King's Road at a speed of more than 15 m.p.h. Defendant was driving at that time between 23 to 25 miles per hour.

Complainant, Constable 2014 drove a motor cycle following Yuen. Having caught up with the defendant's truck, he failed to produce his licence.

He was fined \$150 or 40 days.

TO BE WED

The forthcoming wedding of George Albert Kemp, accountant, of 108 The Peak, and Miss Margaret Jessie Hume, accounts assistant, of "Woodside," Quarry Bay, Hong Kong, has been announced.

Plan For Exchange Of World Labour

A scheme whereby the exchange and international movement of labour will be put into practice the world over is being worked upon by a section of the International Labour Organisation headed by Mr. Chester W. Hepler, former Chief of the Labour Division on General Douglas MacArthur's staff.

Mr. Hepler, who relinquished his post as chief adviser on labour matters to SCAP, last Wednesday, passed through Hong Kong yesterday on his way to Geneva to take up the job as Chief of the Manpower and Migration Section of ILO.

Research work on the scheme of international exchange of labour has been going on for some time, Mr. Hepler said. His work now is to set the machinery in operation.

"There are many problems still to be solved," declared Mr. Hepler as he explained his new assignment as an ILO chief.

The essence of the scheme, he said, was to allow labour of various types to countries in demand of them, the man-power to be drawn from countries with a labour surplus. This will entail a certain amount of migratory flow, constituting a major problem in view of the manifold racial and religious prejudices.

Asked if this scheme would mean a direct European-Asiatic interchange of labour and immigration plan, Mr. Hepler said that he doubted if such is feasible. More likely, he said, immigration and interchange of labour is only practical separately between European and Asiatic nations, thus to establish reasons for differences in population and in the standards of living between the continents.

Referring to a press statement issued regarding the scheme of both the International and American Labour Organisation, Mr. Hepler said that the scheme was not a new one, but a continuation of the work of the International Labour Organisation since its inception in 1919.

NINE-LAKH CLAIM

BARRISTER GIVES EXPERT EVIDENCE

Expert evidence on Chinese Law in relation to business partnerships was yesterday given at the Supreme Court by Mr. James Man Lee, Shanghai barrister and former Professor of Chinese and Anglo-American law at the Shanghai College, on behalf of the plaintiff in the \$900,000 claim.

The case for the defence—which denies contentions of plaintiff that a partnership dealing with foreign exchange existed between defendant, F. C. Roberts, and a Mr. Baeten—will start this morning.

Plaintiff, A. V. White, Shanghai businessman, claims the amount in question from defendant, a relative of his by marriage, by virtue of alleged breaches of contract.

White is represented by Mr. Leo d'Almada, KC, and Mr. D. A. L. Wright, instructed by Mr. M. A. da Silva, Mr. H. G. Sheldon, KC, and Mr. A. J. Clifford, are for the defence on the instructions of Sir Man-kam Lo.

O. T. Edwards, former Shanghai exchange broker, continued to be cross-examined from the day before by Mr. Sheldon as to relevant events and the contracts he had with the parties concerned in Shanghai.

On one occasion, Mr. Sheldon remarked to witness that he had a wonderful memory as he could remember every detail of events that occurred, to which witness agreed.

Mr. Sheldon then referred to a statement in evidence previously taken from his wife in which she said she could not recall anything that happened in 1946 except that on defendant's birthday, defendant was drunk. Counsel then referred to witness' affidavit regarding the same matter. Witness denied having any knowledge to the defendant's birthday.

Not Falschood

Edwards explained that he had expressed himself very badly at the time he made the affidavit. What he had meant to say was that while he was at the party in question, he did not know for what occasion it had been thrown.

The next day, however, he was informed that it had been a birthday party.

Counsel then suggested to witness that he was merely endeavouring to substantiate the evidence given by his wife about the party in order to make his own evidence look true, which witness denied.

He further denied that what he had said about being present at the birthday party was all a deliberate falsehood.

Further questioned, Edwards disclosed that business was not only transacted in cash cheques as a matter of trust between brokers in Shanghai but also by means of the "Goodie" bill, which he denied a suggestion that the only reason why this was done was for the transactions to be kept secret.

He explained further that under the circumstances existing there was no other course but to trust to friends and transact business the way it was done. If business

Economic Police

In the course of economic police investigations, witness said, these "unscrupulous gentlemen" would make seizures of everything and make proposals to the person concerned to the effect that they would keep about 80 per cent of the seizure and release the remaining 20 per cent to him. If the person involved did not agree to this "proposal" he would be regarded as having committed a capital crime, and would get into trouble.

The next witness, Mr. James Man Lee, a Shanghai barrister-at-law who has had experience at the Shanghai District Court, the High Court, and the Supreme Court of Nanking, then testified as to relationship between partners in a partnership under Chinese Law.

In the course of expert evidence, witness—who was at one time professor of Chinese Law and Anglo-American law at the Shanghai College—told the Court that the definition of a partnership according to the law in China was a contract whereby two or more persons agreed to put contributions in common for a collective enterprise. He quoted a passage from the Chinese Civil Code book in support of his contention.

It was not necessary for the partnership to be writing, he said. As regards obligations and debts in partnership, a partner is jointly and unlimitedly liable to debts of the partnership.

If one partner in a foreign exchange transaction made a representation, the other partner was also liable to the representation in question.

After witness had been cross-examined, the conclusion of the case for the plaintiff was announced. Hearing was then adjourned until 10 a.m. today, when the defence will open.

Cheung Chau School To Be Reorganised

In furtherance of the Government policy of securing a better and a cheaper education for the children of fishermen, the Cheung Chau Fishermen's Children School will shortly be re-organised and improved along the lines recently applied to the Fishermen's Children School at Aberdeen.

Until a suitable building can be obtained, the school will continue to be accommodated in its present premises. Every effort will, however, be made to add to the school facilities.

It is proposed to form a new Committee of Management consisting of the Headmaster of the school, one representative each from the Education Department, and three members nominated by the present Committee.

A Government Education Officer of considerable experience will be appointed as headmaster, and it will be his duty to see that the instruction, given in the school is based on modern teaching methods and free from any form of political bias.

All teachers on the staff of the present school will be retained if they are considered suitable by the reconstituted Committee of Management, and approved by the Director of Education. All children at present enrolled will retain their places, and priority for future admissions will be given to the children of ocea side local fishermen.

The Government subsidy to the school will be increased in order to allow the payment of the staff to accords with the salaries scale of the 30-day Code, and at the same time, to permit school fees of \$2.00 per month, the same as those charged in the Workers' Schools which have been transferred to Government.

The changes referred to above will come into effect November 1.

LIQUOR CASE.

For possession of a tin, and two bottles of Chinese liquor, Lui Fui, aged 29, sea-man, residing at an unnumbered junk, Causeway Bay, was charged before Mr. Hin-shing Lo at Central yesterday with possession of a dutiable liquor.

It was stated by the prosecution that at about 1.30 p.m. on September 14, a police constable found defendant at Connaught Road near Centre Street in possession of the said liquor, on which no duty had been paid.

New Spitfires For Hong Kong

Three Spitfires arrived from Singapore on Tuesday evening to replace the aircraft damaged during the Royal Air Force's "Jinx week" between August 18-28 when the RAF suffered five air mishaps.

The Spitfires were flown direct from Singapore, escorted by Sunderland flying boat which will return to Malaya with the three ferrying pilots today.

Personalia

Arrivals by the ss. Wingsang from Keelung who disembarked at West Point yesterday were Mr. and Mrs. Donald Edgar, Mr. Jon L. Edgar, Mr. Anthony T. Edgar, Mrs. Heather Edgar, Mr. Tamy Edgar, Mr. Nien Teng-kuo, Mrs. Nien Chien Pal-to, Mr. and Mrs. Wilson, Dr. J. C. Carter, Dr. R. B. Watson, Mr. W. G. Johns and Mrs. Wang Woo Shu Kung.

Departures for Sydney and Melbourne by the ss. Changsha included Dr. and Mrs. G. Graetz, Mrs. Luthovetaky, Mrs. V. Prihoda, Messrs. W. D. Liddle, A. Price, F. W. Simpson, E. H. Wise, Miss A. M. Williams-Gomes, Mrs. E. D. Gilbert, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. R. Moss, Miss E. Pendergast, Mrs. E. J. Butcher, Mrs. J. P. Inglis and two children.

Arrivals at the Peninsula Hotel on Wednesday included Mr. J. P. Inglis and two sons, Mrs. H. V. Hopkins, Dr. E. K. Tang (Miss), Miss G. Staub, Miss M. Reardon, Miss N. Thongtham and Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Austin.

Among the departures from the Peninsula Hotel on Wednesday were Miss F. McDonough, Miss P. Rockwell, Miss M. Fules, Mr. and Mrs. R. Klean, Mr. H. M. Binks and Mr. M. J. Staymer.

Nationalists Plan Counter-Offensive

(Continued from Page 1)

An Air Force bulletin said bombers attacked South Kiangsi and North Kwangtung. Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek, Nationalist Central China command, admitted today that huge Communist forces are massing against his armies, but is confident the Nationalists can hold out.

General Pai has been in Canton for several days conferring with other Nationalists. He is believed to be awaiting the arrival in the Chinese capital of General Sun Li-jen, commander of the fortress island of Taiwan before returning to his Hongyang headquarters.

The military situation in the encircled port of Amoy continues to be stemmed although today's Nationalist communiqué claims a number of troop-laden junks have been sunk by air attack near the island city.

The Military News Service said a Red attack on the Amoy suburb of Changtai had been beaten back by the defending forces.

Drive Against Underground

A Red advance from Changteh—the second in a month—was reported today. The Reds reached Shihwa, 90 miles North West of Hengyang, but they rejected to their base without attempting an attack on the Nationalist city.

The imprudent objective of today's attack appeared to be Yuanling, 170 miles North West of Hengyang, but the military spokesman said there are indications that the Reds hope eventually to thrust through to Shiao-yang, 70 miles West of the Nationalist base.

In Shanghai it was officially announced that "Communist forces have started an all-out campaign against the Nationalist underground forces" and guerrillas in Eastern China. Calling the Nationalist warfare in the rear of Communist lines a "death" stand, the announcement signed by Chen Yi, Communist commander in Eastern China, told the people to assist in eradicating the "remnants" of the Nationalist forces by organizing militia to help the Red soldiers.

The announcement indirectly admitted the gravity of the situation and said the main purpose of the campaign was to "terminate banditry, consolidate revolutionary order and protect the livelihood of the people."

It also appealed to Nationalist elements to desert to the Red lines. It is generally believed here that Nationalist guerrillas are most active in North Anhui, East Chienan and in the Tsinan area, 80 miles West of Shanghai.

—Reuter and United Press.

found defendant at Connaught Road near Centre Street in possession of the said liquor, on which no duty had been paid.

Defendant was a sea-man and the liquor is to be confiscated.



Mr. T. N. Chau, senior Chinese representative on the Legislative Council, who officiated at the swearing-in ceremony at the Tung Wah Hospital yesterday is seen here addressing the Directors of the Hospital. On his right is Sir Shouson Chow, and on his left Mr. Lam u-tak, the outgoing chairman, and Mr. Chow Cham-kuang, the new chairman. ("China Mail" Photo).

Tung Wah Hospital's Swearing-In Ceremony

Shon Nung, legendary emperor of China, credited with being the father of herbal treatment for all physical ills, received homage from the Directors of the Tung Wah Hospital yesterday.

Reminders

Today

RAF Association Film Show "The Passionate Friends" at the Lee Theatre, 9.30 p.m. In aid of RAF Benevolent Fund. Service Dance (First of Season) at European YMCA, Kowloon.

Coming Events

TOMORROW

Pirates Ball, Royal Hong Kong Yacht Club, Kellott Island. First Round Games, Stanley Shield Soccer Competition, Club Ground, Happy Valley, 2.30 p.m. Opening of USRC Lawn Bowls Green.

SUNDAY

Second Round Games, Stanley Shield Soccer Competition, Club Ground, Happy Valley, 2.30 p.m. The Committee of the French Society of Literature and Art of Hong Kong presents the film "La Symphonie Fantastique" at the King's Theatre, 9.30 a.m. Hong Kong Light Orchestra Concert at Peninsula Hotel, 8 p.m.

Singapore Conferences

Reports from Singapore indicate that preparations are well advanced to hold FAO and ECAFE conferences there. On the heels of the FAO conference, a Joint FAO-ECAFE meeting is to be held, to be followed by meetings of ECAFE Committees and Sub-Committees from October 5 to 17.

The Fifth session of the Economic Commission for Asia and the Far East will start on October 20.

In the meantime, the ECAFE secretariat has prepared all reports and studies, papers and documents for the coming session. These have been distributed to member and associate member governments. Secretariat members are proceeding to Singapore to arrange final preparations for the conference.

Mr. D. G. Pascun, Co. Secretary, left Bangkok on Saturday together with Miss B. M. Power and Mr. E. Shim. Miss Power is to attend the ILO Asian Technical Training Conference in Singapore as an observer while Mr. Shim is on a field trip to consult government authorities on fertilizer questions. After visiting Singapore he will visit Kuala Lumpur, Batavia and Jogjakarta.

Other members of the secretariat will leave for Singapore in the near future. Dr. Lokanathan, Executive Secretary, is to leave for Singapore together with other high-ranking officers on September 20.

FOR MEN WHO CARE

BAU BRI-MEL Gold pastel shirts in 7 delicious colors will make you a HIT with everyone. Also, long sleeve sport shirts in deep autumn colors for those cooler evenings.

The latest in the men's fashion world, these will BLEND with any of your summer or autumn suits.

SIZES: 14 to 17 1/2 (Limited quantity only)

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BISHOP HALL MAKES CHALLENGING SPEECH

"The defence of Hong Kong depends on how many of its citizens can live more sacrificially than Mao Tse-tung, Chu Teh and Chou En-lai have lived during the past 20 years. It depends perhaps more on how many people can outlive, outthink and, if need be, outdo our Communist friends," declared Bishop R. O. Hall at the weekly luncheon of the Y's Men's Club yesterday.

He was speaking on "Defending Hong Kong" before a large gathering of members and friends at the Roof Garden, Hong Kong Hotel. The issue before us is not one of politics, but of morality. It is not a question of ideology, but of justice," Bishop Hall said. Twenty or so years ago, the accepted moral leadership of India passed from the British administrators to the Indian nationalists. "We have seen in the last few years a similar change in the moral leadership of China," the speaker said. "I think Mr. Gandhi's theology was mistaken. I think the Communist theology is mistaken, he asserted. "The defence of Hong Kong then is finally a moral question. In the next few years the Colony can be made a city famous not for its high social living, but for its social justice; not only for its lovely scenery, but for the homes it builds for its poorest workers; famous not only for its magnificent public works, but for the fact that the child is contributing to the community's well-being; education, if we can be good enough, disciplined enough, moral enough to do these things, then Hong Kong's defence is secure.

Our Problem

"If we cannot, then we have no right to ask the homes of England to send their sons out here to defend us. We are not worth defending," Bishop Hall declared.

"I want to insist that this is primarily a moral problem. It is not primarily the Government's problem. It is primarily our problem."

"We cannot expect the Government to force social justice on a city whose citizens do not desire social justice," he stated. The moral standard of a city does not depend on the average moral level of its citizens, but on the existence within it of men and women who have determined a goal for social justice and corporate morality.

"We want in Hong Kong a division of citizen Commandos who will show their gratitude to the division of soldiers who give their whole-hearted co-operation. It is found that even this huge staff is inadequate to maintain a standard to which you are justly entitled. Please help to improve the standard of cleanliness in this Colony by being mindful of hygiene at all times. Thank you."

Moral Question

"Let me speak still more on the point that this is primarily a moral question. A Peiping resident who has been through many changes of Government in Peiping arrived here recently on his retirement at 71 from active missionary work. He claims to be a Communist, but he has captured the heart of the former capital.

"Knowing the common sense and perceptivity of the Chinese people, I am sure that if it will only remain faithful to its present moral standard, it will only remain faithful to its present moral standard."

"We need not then be afraid of indoctrination propaganda in Hong Kong but we need be very much afraid of the emotional and psychological conditions of men who for example work 11 hours a day and pay the factory owner \$4 for each injection of alcohol."

"We need to fear the emotional and psychological condition of workers who are provided with good meals and airy hostels, but see no hope or prospect of escaping from a human and animal existence to a home and children of their own, of a man they can afford to pay."

Idolatrous City

"On ideological grounds I do not believe we can attain perfection in this life. That is my basic disagreement with Communist ideology. They believe perfection is possible. They don't believe in the existence of the devil, in sin and in the fallen world of the Bible."

"That is where I believe we must out-think them. But the Bible is also most emphatic that no soldiers can defend a city if there is not in that city an inner force of integrity, of social justice and of integrity."

"This city is an idolatrous city," Mr. New Year greeting to each other in Hong Kong he said, "I am not a Communist, but I am a man who believes in the value of money and that prosperity and not justice is our ideal."

"The fact that we cannot attain perfection is an excuse for not attempting it. We can't do it, we can't do it, we can't do it," Bishop Hall said.

Death Of Well-Known HK Figure

The Colony of Hong Kong, and more particularly the Christian churches, have suffered a great loss by the passing of Mrs. Woo Yue-kai at her residence at 27 Babington Path yesterday. She was the widow of Dr. Woo Yue-kai, one of the earliest Chinese doctors of Western medicine in the Colony who gave his life in combating an epidemic of Bubonic Plague about 30 years ago.

Mrs. Woo was a leading and active member of the Chinese Anglican Church, and though of a retiring nature, her influence was far-reaching and her advice was sought by many, both in the Church and outside it, and was always given gladly and sympathetically. She was generous almost to a fault, and gave gladly and liberally to any organization ministering to the poor and needy, widows and orphans, the sick and those in distress of any kind.

Her home was a meeting place for Bible women, Church workers and individuals who sought her help. She was a gracious hostess and distinguished visitors from all over the world frequently met at her table to discuss matters of vital interest for the extension of the work of the Church and Missionary enterprises throughout the world, and all were impressed by her wisdom, her faith and her humility. At times she took a more public role and preached or spoke at important conferences not only in Hong Kong but in Fochow, Shanghai and Peking, and her messages were always well prepared, and in her quiet way very impressive.

Mrs. Woo is survived by one son, Dr. Arthur W. Woo, F.R.C.S., three daughters, Mrs. Samuel S. Young, wife of the former Chinese Minister to Mexico and Brazil, Dr. F. Catherine Woo, M.B.E., U.F., Principal of St. Paul's College, and Mrs. Joseph K. Chung, the wife of a lawyer in New York. To these relatives and her 13 grandchildren and four great grandchildren we offer our deepest sympathy in their great sorrow. (Contributed).

Citizen Commandos

"From yourself into a disciplined citizen Commando unafraid to argue in your club, at dinner party, on the ferry and on the beaches that we have no right to enjoy the bus services while our bus driver's child has no school to go to; no right to enjoy our butter and sugar and other imported goods while the workers who unload the ships have no opportunity for the barest minimum of home and family life; no right to enjoy this sort of idyllic meal while tram conductors have to eat theirs at the back of the car in a few slack moments on their run."

"Listen to this story... Johnny was 10 and Tommy was five. Mother was serving the pudding. Johnny speaks 'Is all that for Tommy, mother?' 'No,' she replied, 'It's for you.'"

"Cool what a little!" "Is the tram driver to have all that out of our taxes?" Bishop Hall asked.

"Cool! What a little!" the speaker concluded.



United States Congressman Harold Love, Republican, South Dakota, with the Acting American Consul-General in Hong Kong, Mr. T. L. Rankins, at the Hong Kong Hotel yesterday. Mr. Love is one of five U.S. Congressmen visiting Hong Kong. ("China Mail" Photo).

U.S. Congressmen In Hong Kong

United States government is interested in insuring democratic government in all areas of the world, United States Representative Walter H. Huber said yesterday. He would not comment on a Pacific economic or military pact, as such, but said that the United States would do what it thought necessary to carry out its policy of democratic government for all nations who wish it.

Representative Huber is chairman of the five representatives of the Congressional Committee on Expenditures in the Executive Departments who arrived in Hong Kong yesterday. He said that the purpose of the visit is to observe the general economic and commercial needs and problems of other areas as they affect the expenditures of the United States under President Truman's Point 4 Program.

He added that the committee is conducting an interviewing American citizens throughout the Far East. Representative Harold Love, Republican, South Dakota, said that the committee is interested in the economic and social conditions of the Far East, and that they will be staying in Hong Kong for a few days.

During their stay in Hong Kong they are residing on board the U.S. Frigate.

All off to the Dairy Farm for this week's special offer!

MAYFAIR HAMS

30 on Tins for only \$6.95! HURRY! LAST CHANCE!

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20 Words \$2 for 1 insertion
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10 cents every additional word per insertion
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BIRTHS, DEATHS, MARRIAGES, PERSONAL \$5 per insertion
of 25 words. 25 cents every additional word per insertion.
Classified Advertisements, accepted up to 5 p.m. for publication
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Replies for the Following Box Nos. are awaiting collection.

Replies will be forwarded to the Advertiser if requested on the
original form which should bear their names and addresses.

A suitable announcement will be inserted Free of Charge if
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BRITISH firm requires immediately experienced European shorthand typist. Reply stating age and experience to Box 950 "CHINA MAIL".

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MASTER MARINER age 40 open for engagement after giving two months notice. Essential progressive Company with suitable remuneration covering wife and two children. Reply Hoping 8.5, "Brisport" c/o Everett, Orient Line up to 20th inst. Afterwards Oceanic Navigation Co. Chartered Bank Building Calcutta. Replies urgent as wife is sailing for U.K. October.

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RAW RUBBER in substantial tonnage for immediate delivery to any destination, manufactured in the United States especially for re-threading or manufacture of auto and truck tires could be converted into other Rubber products. For Samples, prices and terms write to Box No. 953 "China Mail".

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SIAMESE Kittens Wanted male or female. Write stating price Box No. 952 "China Mail".

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SINGLE room wanted by European bachelor, Central area preferred, or convenient. Please state terms and details to Box 951 "China Mail".

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BALLROOM DANCING—"Made Easy" Advanced Variations taught. "Specialities" Rumba, Samba, Tango, Jitterbug (Jive). Enquiries (11-8 P.M.)—Tony Hudson, 512, China Building.

NOTICE TO MARINERS NO. 21 OF 1949

HONG KONG WATERS
VICTORIA HARBOUR:
MAN OF WAR ANCHORAGE

REMOVAL OF WRECK MARKING BUOY

Position.—194 degrees, 3.68 cables from Kowloon Railway Clock Tower.

Details.—Wreck marking light buoy is to be withdrawn on or about September 15, 1949.

Remarks.—Wreckage cleared to depth of 30 feet, Mean Low Water Springs. Ground still to be considered foul.

Charts affected.—1459, 3279, 3280.

Previous Notice to Mariners—No. 21 of 1945. Wreck No. 6.

Authority.—Marine Department, Hong Kong.

N. GARLAND,
Acting
Director of Marine.

Marine Office,
Hong Kong, Sept. 14, 1949.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT NOTICE

As all vacancies for teaching posts in this department have been filled, no further applications can be considered.

T. R. ROWELL,
Director of Education.
September 13, 1949.

WAR DEPARTMENT

By order of the Commander Royal Army Ordnance Corps HQ Land Forces Hong Kong the following items of unserviceable stores and produce, lying at ORD Depot Shamshui, will be sold by Tender.

Old Tyres
Iron & Steel
Leather & Canvas
Wood & Rags
Petrol Engines
Lathe
Wireless Receivers
Charging Sets.

Tenders may be obtained from CRAOC HQ LF office at C Block Victoria Bks (off Kennedy Rd.) on deposit of HK\$300 cash only, returnable at close of sale.

Tenders close at 1200 hrs. Sept. 21, 1949 at above office.

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SUFFERING CHILDREN

Hon. Treasurer—
MR. A. McKELLAR
Messrs Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co.

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MR. LI FOOK WO
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THE DAIRY FARM ICE & COLD STORAGE CO., LTD.

ALTERATIONS IN TELEPHONE NUMBERS

Our Patrons are requested to note the following alterations in and additions to our Telephone Numbers:—

PROVISIONS DEPARTMENT, WINDSOR HOUSE 22677
PROVISIONS OFFICE, NEZZANINE FLOOR, WINDSOR HOUSE 22688
BAKERY DEPARTMENT, WINDSOR HOUSE 22687
FRUITS & VEGETABLES DEPARTMENT WINDSOR HOUSE 26121

The above are all Direct Lines serving the Departments designated.

HARRIMAN REALTY CO., LTD.

Real Estate Brokers and Valuers
FOR SALE AND TO LET.
Let us know your requirements. We have houses and land and other properties.
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Tel: 51888

High Resistance Of Chinese To Tuberculosis

The resistance power against tuberculosis of Chinese is much higher than that of any race on earth, Dr. A. S. Moodie, of the Government Harcourt Tuberculosis Clinic, told Kowloon Rotary Club yesterday.

"The reason why resistance in the Chinese race is higher than in any other race," Dr. Moodie went on, "is that the Chinese are accustomed to live in poverty, in over-crowded areas."

In opening his speech, the guest speaker warned Rotarians that tuberculosis is a very widespread disease. It is liable to be contracted by anybody.

Among those present at the luncheon party, at least 95 per cent had the disease but did not notice it. However, older persons may have more resisting power against the disease.

Three factors were given by Dr. Moodie as to why some persons develop tuberculosis.

They were: Elements of infection. This depended on the resisting power of the individual, he said. Lower resistance due to malnutrition, poor-living quarters, over-strain, over-work and above all poverty.

The last factor was the racial factor.

High Incidence

Referring to tuberculosis in the Colony, Dr. Moodie said that, although Government is doing its best to do what it can against tuberculosis, the approximate number of TB cases in the Colony is about twice that in the United Kingdom.

Furthermore, although the Colony has not yet reached the peak of its TB death rate, as in 1940 and 1941, the present death rate from TB in the Colony is roughly one in a 1,000 cases per annum.

He appealed to the employers in the Colony to assist in every way, especially in money and retaining their employees' jobs, whenever a TB sufferer is noticed in the firm.

He said that there are today many people of the white collar class suffering from this disease or in progress of having the disease. Many of them are aware of it and many are not.

However, as jobs are scarce in the Colony those with the disease are afraid to expose their illness for fear of losing their employment.

He predicted that if living standards in the Colony are raised to the Western level, cases of TB in the Colony will be lower than in any Western country.

Mass Survey

When asked by the Press why Government had not conducted a mass survey of TB in the Colony, Dr. Moodie explained that in order to do so Government would uncover many sufferers from the disease who are at present still working in offices.

This might mean their losing their jobs. In that eventuality their illness might even get worse. More than 50 members of the club attended the luncheon at which Mr. E.J.S. Tsui presided. Also present were two visiting Rotarians, the Reverend D. Allan Austin of the Peking Rotary Club and Mr. Alvin P. Jagtland of the Hong Kong Rotary Club.

No wonder he's her leading man...
His face is always spick and span.



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Room 1, French Bank Bldg., Hong Kong.



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HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANK
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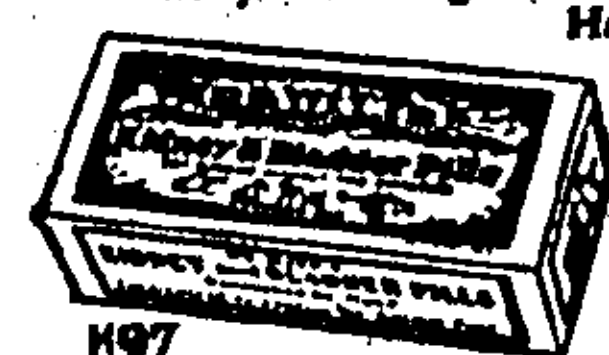
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Here is REAL relief...

During the past 60 years, millions of DE WITT'S Pills have found their way into the homes of the world. That sale everywhere are increasing is the best testimony we can give of their value.

Have you tried them yet?



DE WITT'S PILLS
For Kidney and Bladder Troubles

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NEWSPAPER ENTERPRISE LTD.

AS SOON AS POSSIBLE!

Any firm company not previously listed in the 1949 Directory should request a form, this will ensure their entry being included in the

1950 EDITION

CARNIVAL Y By Dick Turner



BARCLAY ON BRIDGE

By Shepard Barclay

GOING ALL OUT FOR TOP
SOME OF the most entertaining play is seen during the last few rounds of a tournament, when some brilliant pair reckons it has no chance to win unless it can "get away with something." Ordinarily extreme efforts to gain a couple of top scores in such extremities only result in bottom scores for the strikers. But upon rare occasions their desperate stabs pan out.

S None
H 8 7 3
D 9 7 5 2
C A J 8 6 4 2
10 8 6 4 2
H K Q 9
D A K Q 10 7
C 3

(Dealer: vulnerable). North. East-West

North East South West
Pass Pass Pass 1 S
Pass 2 C Pass 2 NT
Pass 3 S Pass 3 NT

There would have been no sense at all to such bidding except that a desperate pair was bending every resource toward getting into some contract different from what was likely to appear on the table of the tournament on this last, dead encounter. The same spirit had to apply to the play when West saw that anybody in 4-Spades could make it easily, losing one trick in each suit except diamonds. To profit from the queer bidding he had to take the same number of tricks at No Trumps, ten.

North opened his club 8. The

rule of eleven should have told South to put in his 9, but didn't. He played the Q on dummy's 7, then returned the 9 to the A. The 4 came back to the 10. West had already reckoned that North had neither of the major suit aces, or else he would have made a club overcall. So, knowing North's hand was blocked, West discarded the heart and Q on the second and third clubs, then the K on the club K, knowing the J stood as sentinel over the suit in dummy.

Why that funny discarding bamboozled South is not clear. When he won the second spade lead with his A, he studied a while and apparently decided North might have a re-entry in diamonds—very bad thinking. So he returned the 3 of that suit. West thereupon took the rest of the tricks with diamonds and spades, giving himself the needed extra trick as South went to bed with the ace of hearts.

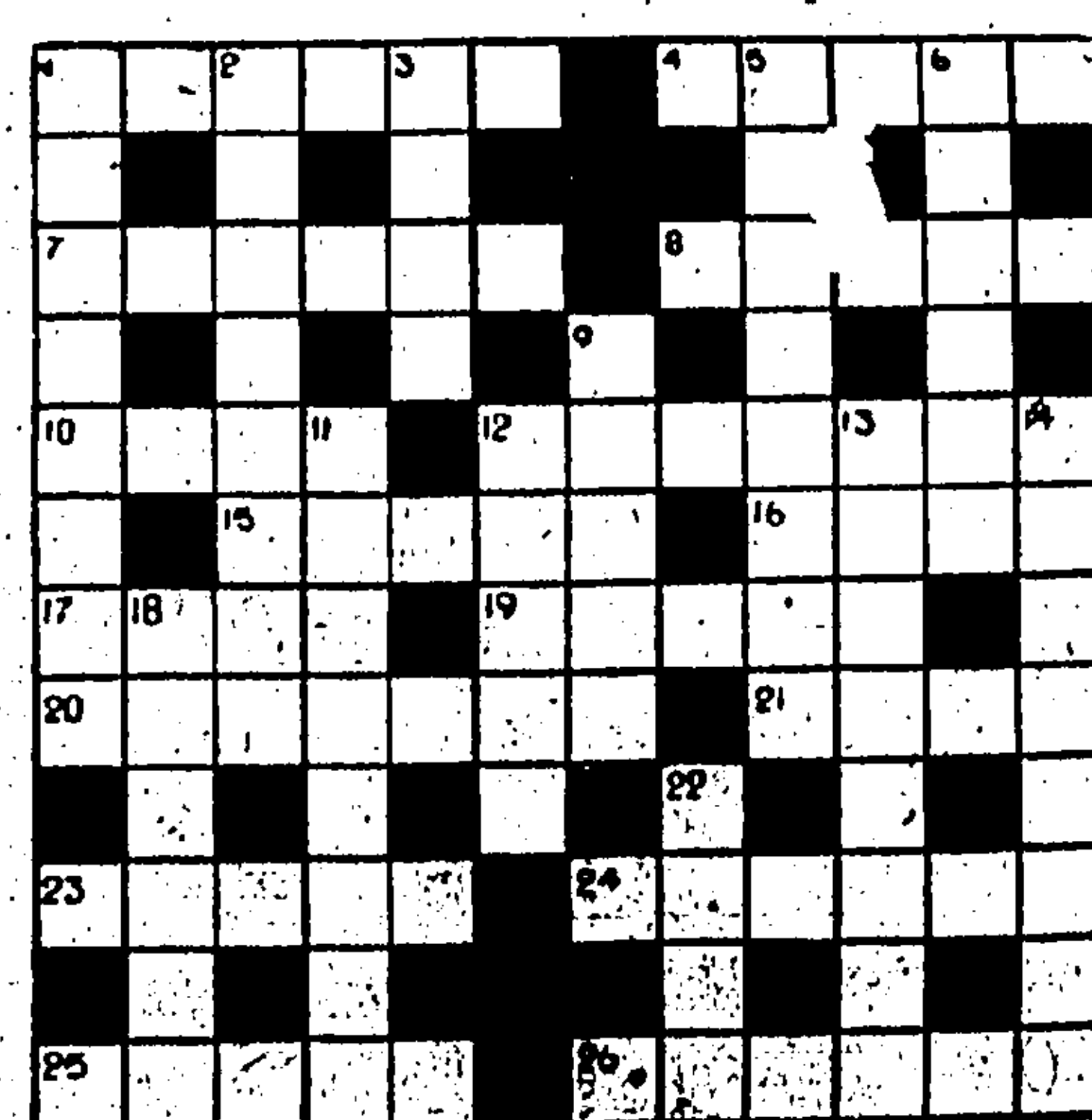
Tomorrow's Problem

S 9 6 4 2
H Q 3
D A K
C A J 10 6 3
S A J
H J 10 9 7
D 5 2
C K 8
S K Q 8 7
H A 8 6
D 9 7 4
C 7 5 2

(Dealer: South. Both sides vulnerable).

If the first trick is the heart J, Q, K and A, second the diamond A, and third the spade 9, 10, K and A, what should West do in trying to beat South's 4-Spades?

A BRITISH CROSSWORD PUZZLE



Across

1 Rural.
4 Out of sorts.
7 Sow.
8 Ordinary.
10 Den.
12 Threatened.
15 Purport.
16 Book.

Down

1 Determined.
2 Sordid.
3 Short length.
5 Rapt.
6 Tires.
9 Earn.
11 Scrape.

Yesterday's Crossword

ACROSS—3 Ringlets, 8 Opinion, 9 Tortoise, 11 Lacerate, 12 Spread, 10 Stole, 14 Hiss, 15 Erected, 16 Sombre, 17 Vandal, 22 Boreas, 24 Bantam, 25 Decade, 26 Enlisted.
DOWN—1 Folly, 2 Ph.D., 3 Rattled, 4 Idea, 5 Gale, 6 Enrile, 7 Spread, 10 Stole, 14 Hiss, 15 Erected, 16 Sombre, 17 Vandal, 20 Break, 21 Greet, 22 Slip, 23 Rede.

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Tom Drake mixes with Wally over blonde beauty Dorothy Patrick!
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M-G-M's rough and ready tough deal about a bank robber turned gentleman!
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DOROTHY PATRICK
GLADYS GEORGE • LEON AMES
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BATTLE OF BRITAIN WEEK

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Trevor HOWARD

OVERTURE PLAYED BY

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SEE THE NEWEST & GREATEST TARZAN

AMIDST ALL THRILLS & PRETTY GIRLS!

A BILLION-DOLLAR SECRET GUARDED
BY A CIRCLE OF DEATH!



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TODAY ONLY **Cathy** AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

THE MOST RECKLESS ROUGES THAT EVER RODE!
WILD NIGHTS... OF SHEER DELIGHTS!
BURNING DAYS... OF RECKLESS ADVENTURE!

Maria MONTEZ Jon HALL Turhan BEY in

"ALI BABA and the FORTY THIEVES"

Colour by Technicolor—Entirely New Print!
and Thousands in Thrilling Spectacles!

GRAND OPENING TOMORROW! Winner Academy Awards

Jane WYMAN Low AYRES in "JOHNNY BELINDA"

CINEMA WORLD

Eternal Triangle Is Theme Of British Picture At The Lee

Rating: ***

"The Passionate Friends" is the story of a woman's conflict between love and security—a conflict that has wrecked homes and broken hearts since time began.

Starring Ann Todd, Claude Rains and Trevor Howard, "The Passionate Friends" is the kind of film fare that makes cinema-goers remark, "Britain can make it." It has been ably directed by David Lean and should be enjoyed by all lovers of triangles, whether geometric or otherwise.

Steven Stratton (Trevor Howard), a young dentist, is in love with Mary (Ann Todd), a beautiful and ambitious woman. He asks her to marry him; she loves him, but insists on marrying Howard Justin (Claude Rains), a

It's A Far Cry From Weissmuller

Rating: *

Burroughs' "Tarzan's Magic Fountain," the latest Hollywood chapter in the adventures of Edgar Rice Burroughs' hero, possesses the same fantastic theme of the more recent Tarzan stories. Added to this is Lex Barker, the new king of the jungle (with a marked American twang), who gives the jungle lord a new look with a pair of moccasins.

"Tarzan's Magic Fountain" is a secret dwelling deep in the heart of the jungle where a happy people exists in perpetual youth, sustained by an elixir not available to the outside world. Tarzan is the only man allowed into this happy place, the utopia of women.

But the greed of man again brings complications to Tarzan. In an endeavour to do good, Tarzan is accused by the jealous possessors of the magic fountain, of having betrayed the secret. It turns out well in the end however, with Tarzan and Jane (Brenda Joyce) returning in bliss to their tree-top home, peaceful and quiet but for the mischief of Cheta.

In fact, Cheta's pranks are the high lights in the film. As always, Cheta steals the show.

wealthy banker, who can give her the security she needs. Five years go by. Steven and Mary meet again at the Cheltenham Arts Ball. They feel their old love flaring up and dance together until each remembers the realities of the present. Mary returns to her husband, Steven to Pat (Isabel Dean), his fiancée.

Howard returns. The lovers have been constantly in each other's company. One night, instead of going to the theatre, they dine together. Finding the forgotten theatre tickets, Howard, jealous and uncertain, goes to the theatre and sees their two empty seats in the stalls. Coming home, he puts the theatre programme on the table.

When Steven and Mary return, she pretends that they have been to the theatre. Suddenly she sees the programme and knows that their deception has been discovered. After a restrained but emotional scene, Steven leaves the house alone.

Steven visits the Justin's house next day. He cannot believe that Mary intends to stay with her husband. He has a violent argument with Justin, who finally agrees to let him see Mary alone. Steven waits, gloomily, watching the rain running down the windows. Mary comes in slowly. They talk, but she makes it clear that she cannot give up the security of her married life.

Nine years pass. They only serve to show that a chance meeting is sufficient to kindle the spark, and from here on "The Passionate Friends" gradually reaches a climax that sees all the emotional forces of man engaged in a virtual tug of war.

Let it be said here that the ending will appeal to the rationally-minded, while our younger set will heave a sigh and go back to their geometry.



Historical Film At King's Theatre

RATING: ***

From the pages of James Street's best-selling novel, "Tap Roots," comes a well-done screen production of a county in Southern Mississippi during the days leading to the American Civil War, told with full dramatic impact. The picture opens today at the King's Theatre. The production filmed effectively in Technicolor, leaves very little to be desired. It is a fast moving story of violence and tenderness, heart-aches and paced excitement, making "Tap Roots" an enjoyable show.

It tells the story of the independent Hoab Dabney of Lebanon valley, a thriving Southern community hewn from the wilderness by the empire building hands of his father and the faithful Tishomingo, an Indian. When the Civil War starts to brew, Hoab Dabney moves to organize the people of Lebanon Valley against the authorities. When Mississippi secedes from the Union, Lebanon County becomes a free and independent community, a dream of old Dabney which son Hoab vowed to fulfill.

Joining the Dabneys is Keith Alexander, a renegade newspaper publisher who throws in his lot with Dabney after meeting his vivacious daughter Morna. The whole fight of Lebanon County against the organized confederates turns out to be a fruitless but furious one and presents a running climax to a nicely told melodrama.

As Keith Alexander, the notorious, suave newsman whose editorials are backed by his fast working and accurate pistols, Van Hefflin plays the role with pleasing sincerity. Susan Hayward, as the beautiful Morna, gives an appealing performance. As Clay Melver, a man more loyal as a soldier than a lover, (the first sweetheart of Morna)

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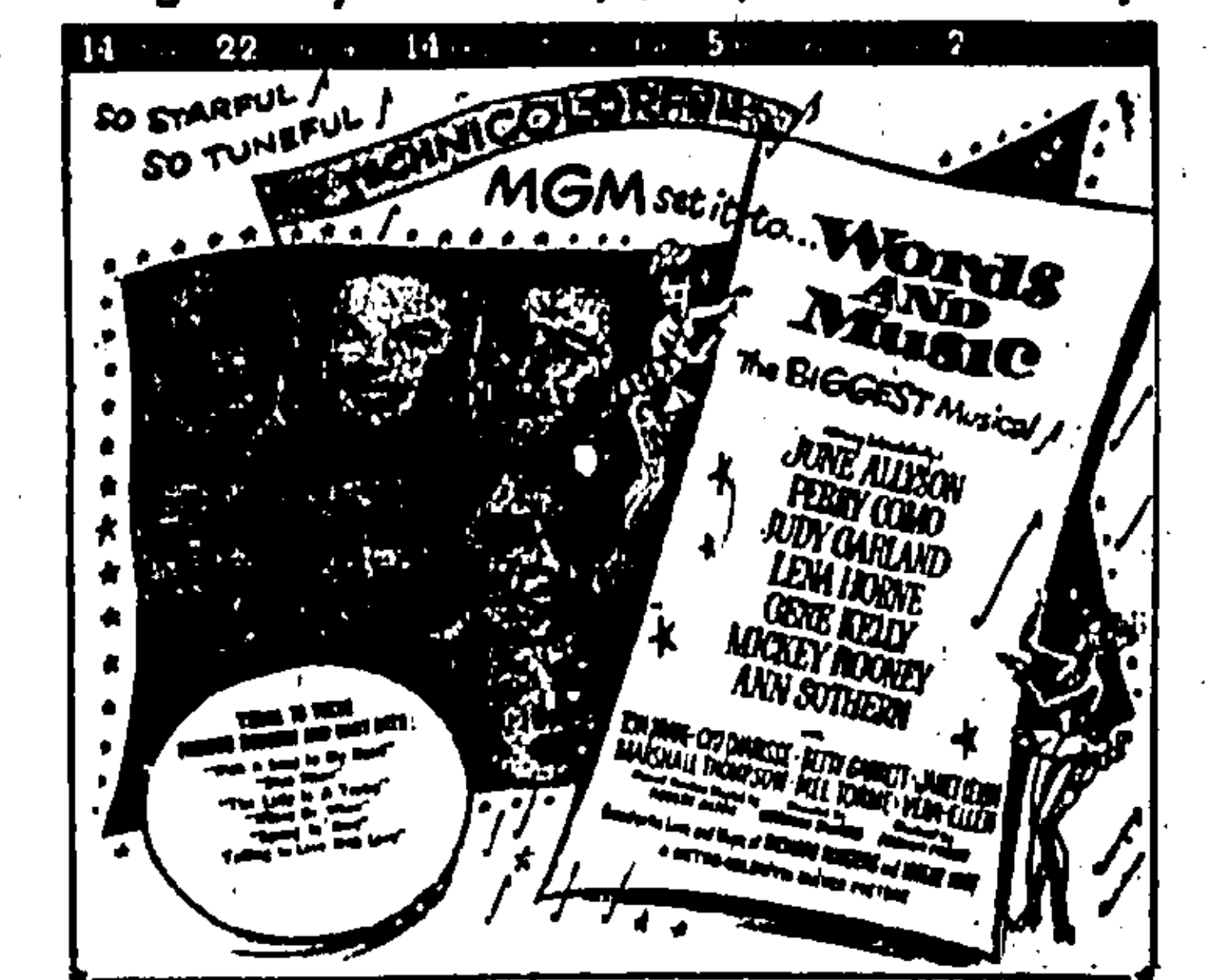


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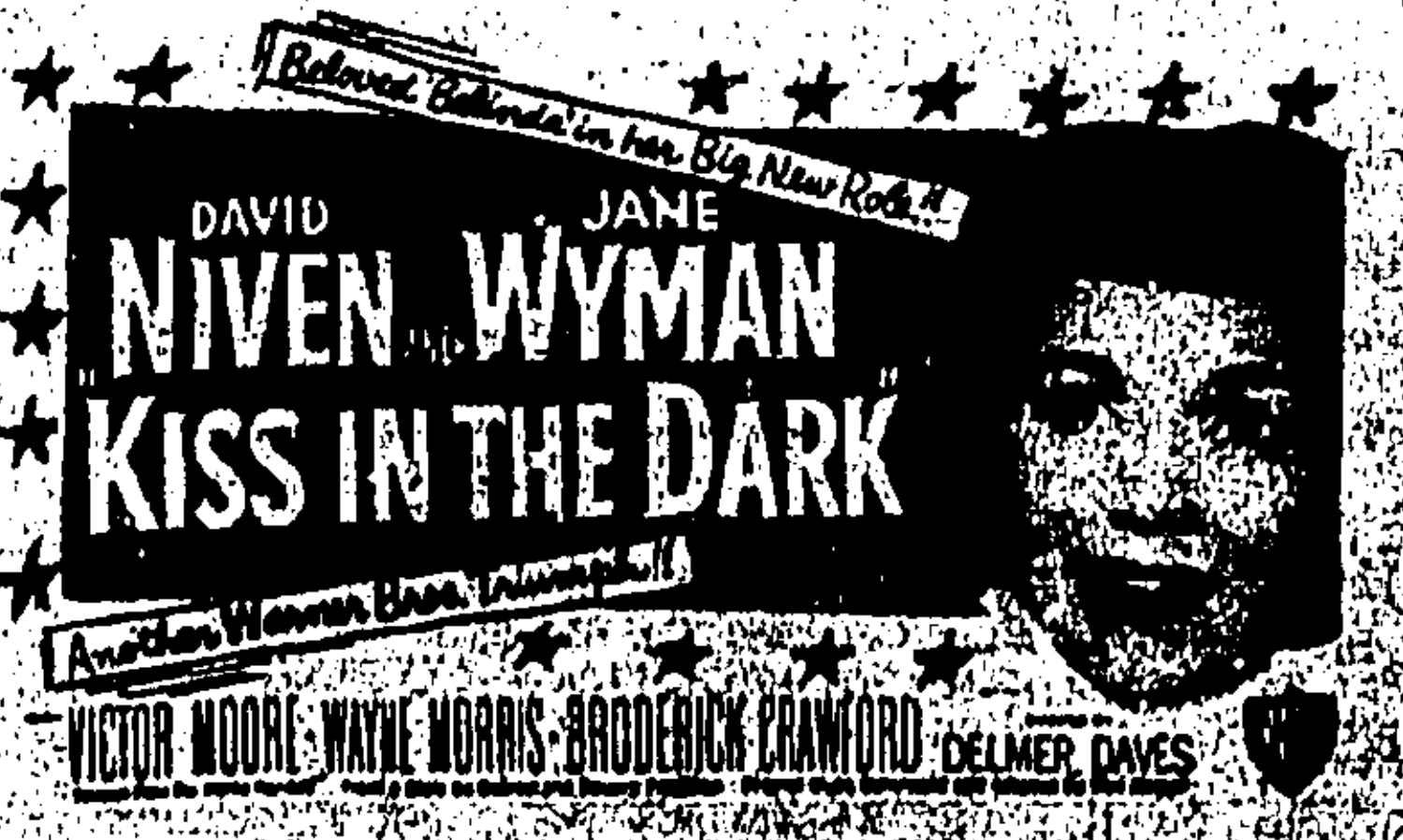


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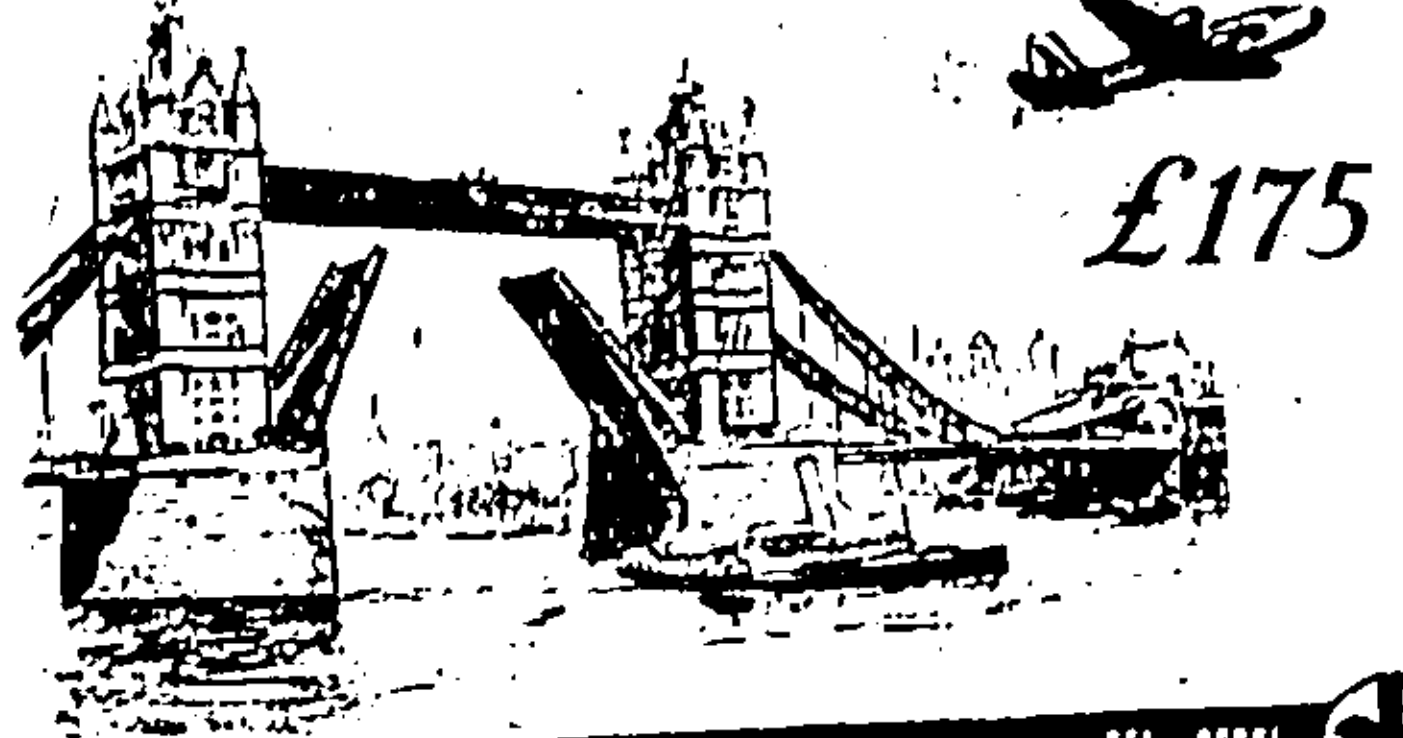
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(four lines)

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One Year HK\$72.00

All news contributions to be

addressed to Editor-in-Chief.

Advertisements and Business com-

munications should be addressed

to the Company CHINA MAIL

LTD.

DEATH

WOO—Mrs. Woo Yee Kai, beloved mother of Dr. Arthur W. Woo, Mrs. Samuel S. Young, Dr. F. Catherine Woo and Mrs. Jack K. Chung, died in her home, 27 Babeling Path, on September 15th, 1949. Funeral service will be held in St. Paul's Church, Gleneden, at 2 p.m. on Friday, the 16th September. Interment will follow at about 3 p.m. at the Chinese Christian Cemetery, Pokfulam. Relatives and friends are specially requested not to send flowers. Instead of flowers, donations may be sent to the Rev. the Bishop of Hong Kong, Bishop's House, for the Diocesan Centenary Fund, or to local charities direct or through the Press.

IMPROVED RADIO

Writing in the "China Mail" yesterday, a correspondent described a scheme thought up some months ago to broadcast discussions on Asiatic affairs and culture by Britons, Chinese and persons of several other nationalities. The scheme fell through at the time because of the expected departure from the Colony of the tentatively selected speakers, and also because of the very slight encouragement received from some sources.

The sponsors now hope to revive the plan, however, and ask for suggestions and comment. It is pointed out that many people would welcome a change from the war news which is almost our only Asiatic radio fare, and that there are now in Hong Kong many individuals who have devoted their life to a study of Eastern life and thought, and could command large audiences in any Western city.

There can be no question but that a programme on such lines, perhaps given weekly, could be most attractive not only to English-speaking Chinese but also to Westerners, many of whom live in close proximity to the life of the Far East without knowing much about it.

It is claimed that "the English programmes of Radio Hong Kong are almost completely devoid of any of the features which would indicate that our surroundings are in any way different from those of Margate or Blackpool." Although from time to time local items are put on the air, this is fair criticism. Admittedly the Colony is far from overflowing with radio talent, but experts in many fields of local interest are here in plenty. It would be worth-while, for instance, to have all such measures as the Registration Ordinance explained in simple terms in a broadcast; without infringing security limits, police chiefs could describe the workings of their highly efficient organisations; talks would be eagerly listened to about weather trends and typhoons in particular; military spokesmen could dramatise the life of the serviceman; there could be colourful commentaries on Chinese festivals and celebrations; prominent merchants and shipping representatives might discuss our all-important trade, and so on.

Attempts have been made in the past to purvey something on these lines, but perhaps because of understandable difficulties, they did not result in permanent features. It is true, however, that there are more knowledgeable and interesting persons here now than ever before, and the opportunity to make use of their services should be seized.

In view of the growing importance of Hong Kong,

I Got To Know The Argentinians

By STANLEY NEATH

It is not so long ago since people stopped singing a tuncful bolero, "you'll want to stay down Argentina way." The country has much to attract you. I think you would want to do as the song says if you came, although you might find a different Argentina from the one you imagine.

And, of course, you would not be the first English who came and saw and stayed. There are English people in all parts of Argentina. You would not be lonely. But as we realistic Yorkshire people say "Chance is a fine thing."

Luckily I had the chance to come to Argentina to study the country, the people and its language.

Life here is easier than in England in normal times. How much more so now! If there is one Spanish word we know in England it is "fiesta." There are number of religious and national holidays to provide relief if the routine of work is unrelenting and monotonous. Only last week we in Salta celebrated the birth of a national hero with a holiday.

Less Competition For Jobs

In a rich and immense country which has only a population of some 17 millions, there is obviously less competition for jobs than there is in normal England. This makes for a less hectic life than you know.

The average Argentinian is never haunted by the fear of unemployment. And as one would expect in a country like this, there is food for all, and plenty. As to clothing, I have yet to see a poorly dressed Argentinian. He is very keen about his external appearance to the world and usually buys good imported cloth. The "tela inglesa" (English cloth) card on an article is a big draw to the buyer with a few extra pesos.

Are you fond of saying, "British is Best," and on the question of cloth (and other things) the Argentinians agree.

Nearly All Sports Are British

If you watch or play sports you would find common ground with the Argentinian immediately. He plays well every sport he takes up and is sometimes a sports enthusiast. All the sports played here except basketball, are British imports. Football, which the Argentinians claim they play better than the English, is almost a craze. On every ground where professional football is played a high wire net prevents an excited crowd from invading the field.

Let Ego Go

Tiens! The French have invented a little cabinet where you sit all by yourself and look into a mirror. When your face looks natural instead of lethal, you press a button, and a camera takes your reflection. Don't ask me how it does. Out!

The beauty of it is that you can get your ego on a negative without the embarrassment of dicky-birds or prying eyes. If you have a sneaking feeling that you should have been Napoleon, or the girl with your thinks she has been robbed of a Cleopatra career, step into the little cabinet and have the time of your young life.

Pulling It!

Then, for the sheer devil of it, I put my tongue out at myself, and took that. Unfortunately, at that precise moment, the door of the little cabinet opened and the photographic Gaul looked in.

"Tonnerre!" he said. "What are you doing with your face?"

"Pulling it," I replied icily.

"But, monsieur, it is so ugly!"

"I know," it was issued to me that way. "I replied. 'Go away!'"

"But we must put a title on your picture, monsieur. What can we call that which you are registering?"

"Pique," I said, coldly.

Glorious Thor

He went away, wringing his hands. It was amusing to study the smiling sense of self-satisfaction on the faces of people who emerged from that cabinet. Meek little men came out who for one glorious minute had been Thor, the god. Neat little housewives emerged with shy smiles which indicated that for a few glided minutes they had been Queens of Sheba, or the Glamour Girls of the Sahara.

I had another go and did a series of studies. I have an expressive face, but so far no colleague has ever been able to hit upon the right expression to do it justice.

I let my artistic soul well up. And when I well. I well something fierce.

Reply Was 'No!'

When the people of the Southern State of Georgia were asked recently whether they would support increased taxation in order to improve standards of education and teachers' salaries in Georgia, their reply was unhesitatingly, "No!"

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Free Meals

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are facilities for all. Of the dozen of English words to be found in Argentine Spanish, probably the most common and most typical is the word "club." On the question of the difficulty of understanding the people, a conversation is said to have taken place between an English and an American ambassador in Buenos Aires. Said the Englishman, "Look here, old boy, I've been here three months and I still can't make head or tail of the people." To which the American replied: "Don't worry, I've been here three years and I still have the same difficulty." Ar-

English is in Demand

The old wives' tale that English people cannot speak foreign languages must be killed once and for all. We must start in our schools to teach children to speak Spanish, French and German.

The English language is in very great demand in Argentina. Last year I made a tour of many Argentine universities, secondary schools and institutes where English is taught. Everybody wants to learn to speak it.

I have sometimes had difficulty in persuading Argentine people that there are other cities in England besides London. These same people who think that London is all England seem to think that Argentina is only Buenos Aires.

Ten-Mile-Long Street

The visitor must not fail to see Buenos Aires. A city full of contrasts, it has the longest and narrowest streets (one is 10 miles long) and the broadest avenues of any city in the world.

Florida Street, along which all Buenos Aires seems to promenade at night time, is the show piece. It outrivals Bond Street and Fifth Avenue, in the price and elegance of the good things which all its floodlit shop windows. Flashing neon lights of every design and colour dazzle you at all points along its great white way—Corrientes Street.

No city is so brilliantly and so ingeniously lit. People sit out in the street to take the morning coffee and evening drink. Here you would be reminded of gay Paris although you might not think the people quite so gay.

The historical buildings and many of the private houses are Spanish in style. The docks, railway stations—and red pillar boxes—remind you of London. Buenos Aires is New York, Madrid, Paris and London all rolled into one.

Language Cuts Both Ways

Using their language cuts both ways too—they get to know you. Some months ago I moved from Buenos Aires to Cordoba, a provincial city.

I went to live at a boarding house. The boarders were mostly young men and we all sat round the same table at meals, which was what I wanted. They received me politely enough, but I could sense that I was on trial. A few weeks later one of them gave me their verdict.

Enjoyed Every Moment

If, however, you wanted to see the real Argentina and meet characteristically Argentinian people, you would have to get out of cosmopolitan Buenos Aires and travel the spaciuous Pampas, the green fertile plains of Santa Fe where herds of cattle roam and graze, the parched scrub land of Santiago, the sierras and the mountainous North.

I am now living and working in the North. Salta is the capital of a province as big as England itself. It is a picturesque little city standing 4,000 feet above the sea with its own traditions, folklore and customs.

I have enjoyed, and profited by, every moment of my stay here, and continue to do so, but circumstances will compel me to return home at the end of the year. If I did not have to return I would want to stay "down Argentina way." And if you had the good luck to come to Argentina, which is all a land of opportunity, think you, too, would wish to do so.

Spotlight On Education

Almost all Danish children attend educational schools run by local authorities. The school-leaving age is 14, but the Education Act of 1947 empowers town schools to retain children voluntarily until 15.

Greatest opposition to this comes from the farmers, who maintain that 14 is late enough for them to start training children for work on the land, especially in such an agricultural country.

Meanwhile, all Danish children can get free meals and milk at school if it is proved that their parents cannot afford to pay. Free transport is also provided for children under 10 living more than one and a half miles away. Children from seven to 11 attend primary schools, followed by a secondary school for three years.

Finally there is the usual shortage of teachers. The ordinary training course lasts four years, but since the war, as an emergency, special two-and-a-half-year courses have been provided.

Half Illiterate

Education is a long-standing problem in Spain—a country where the illiteracy rate is still said to be 50 per cent.

In the past, the struggles between Church and State have caused so many serious rifts in the programme of education that advances towards more and better schools have been small.

Now, however, the whole field of education is being reviewed once more. There is still a great shortage of State free schools, and this accounts for the many poor children under 14 who do not go to school at all.

The National Budget allots a totally inadequate amount to the Education Ministry, and as the Church has now recovered much of its former power, most of the best schools are still run by monks and nuns.

What State free schools there are poor and overcrowded, with underpaid teachers forced to take spare-time jobs to supplement their wages.

Ideal System

Swiss children are still going to school under an Act of 1856. The Act, say parents, represents the ideal educational system, and should be kept in force as long as possible.

Under this Act the school-leaving age is 15, and with few exceptions this means nine years in school for almost every child.

Swiss teachers, while not outstandingly well paid, can nevertheless make a good living, with a primary school teacher averaging £260 a year, a secondary school teacher earning £700, and both paying very little tax. Teachers' pensions are given at 65.

"You," he said to me in Spanish, "are a good type of Englishman. The majority of you people are 'dry.' And what's more, you speak Spanish like an Argentinian."

That was the best compliment he could have paid me. Two theories had been exploded. One, that Englishmen are "dry" and the other that Englishmen cannot speak foreign languages.

Washington talks

"Washington talks." And how... it must hold the world's record.

"Yet there is nothing on or between the lines that says 'yes' or 'no' to that sort of thing." I'm afraid I can't see it.

Oh, well...

The magistrate told him: "As a result of your operations a large number of people who can all afford it have been induced to part with their money."

"Magazine says Hitler left grandchildren."

Well, he couldn't take them with him.

A four-foot bone tumbled by a fishing boat in England was judged by scientists to be the 40,000-year-old femur of a moose, and not as first thought, a bone of a whale.

Still, it was a whale of a bone.

"Admirals as Guides."

Be a lot more suitable, surely, to have them as Scouts.

Deplorable Definitions.

Bored: What people drink to overcome being and wind up stiff as a.

Die-hard: A man who worships the very ground his head's in.

London clubman's description of the country: A damp sort of place where all sorts of birds fly about uncooked.

Censor: A man who knows more than he thinks he ought to.

Historical novel: A book with a shapely wench on the jacket but no jacket on the shapely wench.

A friend of mine is really hot stuff when it comes to inventing things. Once he got to work on the matter of hair restorers, and eventually produced a substance so powerful it would grow hair on a billiard ball. But he never made a cent out of it.

No one wanted billiard balls with hair on them.

"Portly people should not run upstairs two at a time," says a doctor.

The inference is that he met a couple of them on his way down.

Some Americans claim that Marshall aid funds are being used to supply false teeth to Britons.

Putting the bite on the U.S.?

A woman called for jury duty refused to serve because she didn't believe in capital punishment. Trying to persuade her, the judge explained, "This is merely a case where a wife is suing her husband because she gave him \$1,000 to pay down on a fur coat and he lost the money in a card game."

"I could be wrong about capital punishment."

Third degree?

"When the triplets cried during the night, Mrs. N— and her husband got up and questioned them."

But I've got one radio set so why should I buy another?"

The advantages of having two radio receivers are not far to seek. How useful a second set is when two members of your family want different programmes when somebody is ill in bed; and so on. There's no disputing that the need for having one of the latest Philips Radioplayers in your home is a very real one. Due to special Philips broadcasting, these magnificent receivers bring exciting new shortwave programmes from all over the world as easily as ordinary local broadcasts. And, of course, being Philips they are absolutely dependable.

ROUND THE GLOBE WITH PHILIPS radioplayers

May we arrange a demonstration for you?

SOLD WITH 12 MONTHS GUARANTEE

Obtainable at all leading Radio Dealers.

Service—Sales—Distribution

CENTRAL RADIO & ELECTRIC CO.

60, Nathan Road, Kowloon, Tel. 59412

Model BX 291U, shown here (the "Philista"), gives excellent results on short and medium waves, and has been spread on 19 and 23 metres. The set is fitted with a Rindick valve and a loop aerial for medium wave reception.

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They are worried,

DIFFERING OPINIONS ON PACIFIC DEFENCE

Australia Wants Pact: India Opposes Plan NEED FOR U.S. HELP

BIGWIN INN ONTARIO, SEPTEMBER 14.
AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND DELEGATES TODAY INFORMED THE UNOFFICIAL COMMONWEALTH RELATIONS CONFERENCE HERE THAT THEY WOULD WELCOME A PACIFIC PACT WITH THE UNITED STATES AS SENIOR PARTNER.

A conference spokesman quoted the delegates, who met in secret, as saying that they would like to see a Pacific pact developed as an extension of the Canberra Pact devised between Australia and New Zealand as a defence measure after the second world war.

The delegates' names were not announced in accordance with conference procedure.

Hush - Hush Policy Attacked

Bigwin Inn, September 14.
Delegates to the Commonwealth Relations Conference here complained privately today that the full result of their deliberations may never be published.

A Canadian delegate, who declined to give his name for publication, said representatives of all the Commonwealth nations and a number of British colonies are taking part in the talks that might eventually have a vital bearing on Government policy.

He said: "There's hardly a thing we are missing. Most of us will come out of the discussions with constructive ideas based on frank interchanges of views. The trouble, however, is that many delegates hold senior government positions."

"If we allow ourselves to be quoted about what goes on behind the closed doors of the conference chamber, our statements might be improperly construed as statements of government policy."

"As a result," he added, "it is most unlikely that many of the things we decide among ourselves and perhaps recommend to our governments will come to light except possibly as official government announcements." — United Press.

SWEDISH NAVY TO BE STRENGTHENED

Stockholm, September 14.
Sweden is to strengthen her Navy to meet any threat in the Baltic Sea, Vice-Admiral Helge Strombaeck, the Swedish Navy's Commander-in-Chief, has announced.

His disclosures, which were made at sea yesterday and announced here today, have given Sweden the first hint of their Navy's plans to counter the fleet of fast submarines which, according to the Stockholm press, Russia is building in Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania. — Reuter.

Important Speech By Mr. Bevin

Southampton, 14.
September 14.
The Minister of State, Hector McNair, said today that the Foreign Secretary, Mr. Bevin, will make an important speech before the UN assembly meeting beginning at Lake Success on September 20.

"It may well be Mr. Bevin's most important public declaration for some time," said McNair, who called on the Queen Elizabeth to take his place among British delegates to the session.

He said one of his own major efforts will be to prod the Assembly into talking less and working more.

He will urge economy, particularly a reduction in the sums the UN spends on public information. — Associated Press.

ANTI-TITO MOVES IN BELGRADE

Belgrade, September 14.
Yugoslavia's pro-Russian underground, acting openly in Belgrade for the first time today, flooded the city's central districts with posters and pamphlets urging the overthrow of Marshal Tito and his "Fascist Gestapo clique."

A careful check of a large neighbourhood disclosed that the leaflets had been slipped under doors and passed into a large number of mail boxes between midnight and 7 a.m.

At least two types of propaganda were passed out—a tabloid-sized poster bearing a reprint of an article urging the overthrow of a leader of Marshal Tito and his "Fascist Gestapo clique," published by Yugoslav refugees in Moscow.

Dozens of shopkeepers and householders found the papers when they began their day and immediately notified the security forces headed by the Interior Minister, Alexander Rankovic. The pamphlets denounced Rankovic as a "bloody Gestapo Fascist."

Militiamen went quickly into action. By 8 a.m. they could be seen in the streets, reaching behind the grilles of doors of shops which had not yet been opened to fish out copies.

A spot check of the neighbourhood indicated that underground agents had reached homes and shops in a six-block area.

Distribution of leaflets apparently was skillfully organised to avoid the well-armed militia patrols which are on the look-out for just such "Communist activity."

Several persons questioned by the United Press said the pamphlets had no effect on their beliefs. They said they disliked the pro-Russian Communist Information Bureau for a variety of reasons. The leaflets were printed on paper of an excellent quality, of a type not often seen in Yugoslavia. — United Press.

RAF VAMPIRES IN ITALY

London, September 14.
Royal Air Force Vampires from the Middle East are to make a week's tour of Italy at the invitation of the Italian Government, the Air Ministry announced today.

The squadron will fly from Malta to Rome on Thursday, September 22, and will take part in the Milan air display on the following Sunday. The Vampires will be seen at Malpensa on Friday, September 23, and on Saturday they will return to Linate.

The British squadron will give demonstrations of aerobatics. — Reuter.

Communist Ideals in India

Dr. Rao is confident that no more internal riots will wreck the two countries and economic harmony can be established.

He declared that 35,000,000 Moslems in India are not to be assimilated into the country's new political policies. The Government is recognising the Moslems and is trying to help them, he said.

The greatest danger to Moslems comes from Pakistan, he said, but eventual co-operation between the two countries will solve the troubles. He believes that the Indian Government is trying to lift the Moslems to a level where they can compete with Hindu citizens instead of being a minority.

India is being infiltrated with Communist ideals but only to a minor extent and stands as the last major bulwark in Asia, hemmed in between Communistic Russia and China.

It is in the Commonwealth interest, he said, to see that all states eventually receive democratic self-government.

Dr. Rao advocated the formation of a Commonwealth Economic Council as another Commonwealth interest in Asiatic countries. The Council could aid to halt Communist infiltration in Asiatic countries, help India, Pakistan, Ceylon and other Commonwealth nations requiring technical help in industries and new developments and guarantee the supply of goods to see new developments to their completion. — Reuter and United Press.

TURKS PROTEST TO BULGARIA

Ankara, September 14.
The Turkish Foreign Office announced today that it has delivered a note to Bulgaria protesting against the bomb explosion on Saturday night at the Turkish consulate in Philippoli, Bulgaria.

The note said: "The bomb was placed at the consulate, which was under the constant watch of Bulgarian militia. It is therefore even more peculiar. It demanded severe punishment for those responsible and also that Bulgaria outline what precautions would be taken to prevent a repetition." — United Press.

BEVIN-ACHESON AGREEMENT ON JAPAN TREATY

Washington, September 14.

The Secretary of State, Mr. Dean Acheson, said today that he and the British Foreign Secretary, Mr. Ernest Bevin, are agreed on the urgency for a Japanese peace treaty.

They are going over the whole problem to see what new approach to holding a conference can be made.

Mr. Bevin and Mr. Acheson, who held a three-hour meeting on Far Eastern and Middle Eastern policies yesterday, will meet again today to discuss European affairs.

Mr. Acheson said the day's session would principally concern questions of the Continent, particularly Germany and Austria. The objective again would be to analyse the situation and see what is evolving there. His point of view was that the French Foreign Minister, M. Robert Schuman, is expected here late today or tomorrow and that, when he joins the Bevin-Acheson talks, he will undoubtedly be interested in these continental matters.

While he and Mr. Bevin had generally completed their discussions on the Far East and Middle East for the time being, Mr. Acheson said, he expected they would go over some of the points with M. Schuman.

Commenting on the possibility of holding a Japanese peace conference, Mr. Acheson pointed out that the United States two years ago tried to secure agreement among the 11 nations of the Far Eastern Commission on a procedure for holding the conference. He and Mr. Bevin agreed on the urgent necessity of concluding the Japanese peace treaty, he said, and added that when the United States proposed a preliminary conference Russia blocked it by demanding the veto.

New Approach

The Secretary said the United States would go over the whole matter in an effort to evolve a new approach.

Mr. Acheson did not reply directly when asked concerning the possibility of a Japanese treaty without Russian participation. He said the great objective was to bring everybody concerned into the treaty. He added that it was still uncertain how that objective is to be achieved, but he said the United States had not yet figured out what to do if this objective could not be achieved.

Mr. Acheson announced that he planned to go to New York for the United Nations General Assembly after the North Atlantic Pact Council meeting here on Saturday. He expects the Council meeting to end on Saturday or at least on Sunday. He will then take a 10 day rest, returning to the Assembly later.

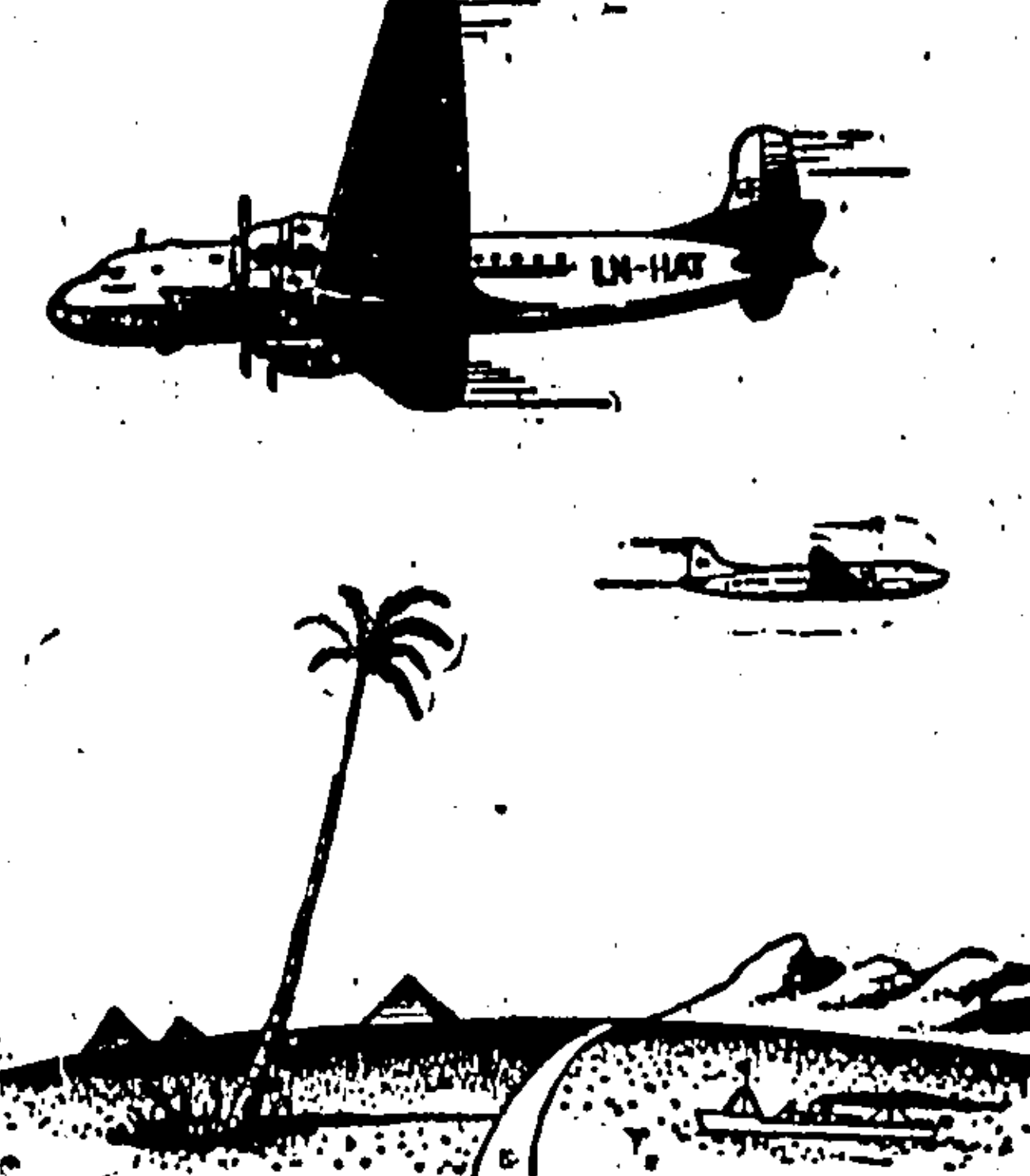
He added that he will probably address the Assembly. British sources said Mr. Bevin fully understood the United States' dilemma, whether to let General MacArthur's occupation regime, with its prestige, continue in Japan or whether to go ahead with the peace treaty. Mr. Bevin thinks what must be considered is the extent to which Soviet Russia by propaganda can stir up the Japanese masses against continued occupation if they lack a peace treaty.

Hong Kong

Mr. Bevin also told Mr. Acheson that Britain does not need American help in the event of a Chinese Communist attack on Hong Kong, but Mr. Bevin is convinced that Britain would receive immediate U.S. and Canadian aid if another power should give direct military aid to the Communists.

After today's conference between Mr. Bevin and Mr. Acheson, the following statement was issued: "The Secretary of State, Mr. Acheson, and the Foreign Secretary of Britain, Mr. Bevin, met again at noon today to continue their discussions of various matters of interest to their two countries. Discussion today was largely on political developments in Europe, including the Balkans."

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STANLEY'S DEBTS REVEALED

London, September 14.
Sidney Stanley, central figure in last year's Lynskey Tribunal, which investigated alleged corruption in British Government departments, was stated at the first meeting of his creditors in London today to have debts amounting to more than £22,000.

Of this sum £21,548, 10s. 6d. was for income tax and surtax going back over several years and another £470 was due to another creditor whose name was not disclosed.

The Official Receiver said he had written to Mr. Stanley in Tel Aviv asking him to comply with his duties under the Bankruptcy Act and submit a statement of affairs. But no reply had been received from him so far. — Reuter.

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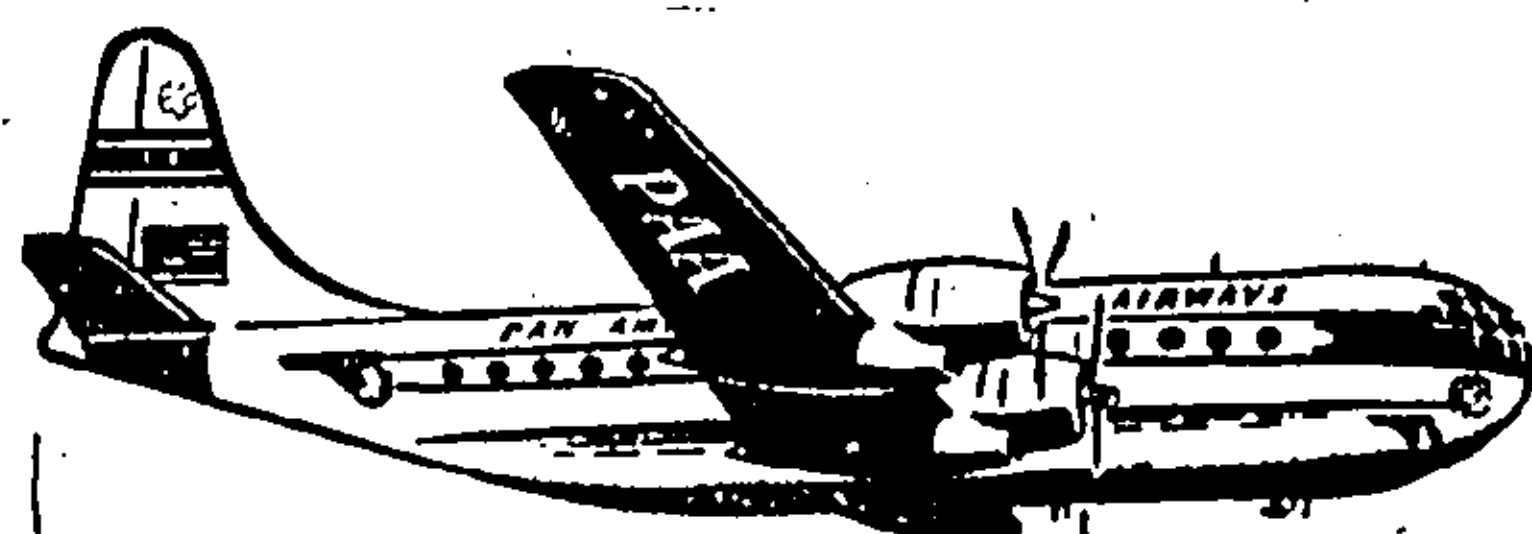


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**PAN AMERICAN
WORLD AIRWAYS**



Sir Ralph Stevenson, British Ambassador to China, who is being recalled to London for important conversations. Sir Ralph is shown here with Lady Stevenson on a visit to Hong Kong.

BRITISH ENVOY TO ATTEND CHINA TALKS

London, September 14.

Britain's Ambassador to China will come home for vital policy talks on future relations with the Communist authorities.

A Foreign Office spokesman said that recall of Sir Ralph Stevenson, now based with other members of the Diplomatic Corps in Nanking, is under active study.

It has been under consideration for some time, he said. He would not tell, when pressed by reporters at a daily news conference, what is holding up Sir Ralph Stevenson.

An informed source later gave two possible explanations. One, is communications difficulties. (Nanking is in the territory of Chinese Reds. The Nationalist Government of China control the sea approaches to that territory.)

The other explanation is that there is no point in Sir Ralph Stevenson's coming back until the Foreign Secretary, Mr. Bevin, completes his talks on the whole Far Eastern situation with the American Secretary of State, Dean Acheson.

Divergent Policies

British and American policies on future dealings with China's Reds are at present divergent.

Once Mr. Bevin and Mr. Acheson have settled the differences or agree to differ, Sir Ralph Stevenson will be needed for consultation.

The British Consul-General in Canton, Mr. G. F. Tyrrell, is also coming home for talks soon, the Foreign Office announced.

British sources said they think the Chinese Reds soon will seek to establish an all-China regime. The impending recall of Sir Ralph Stevenson raises the question of who will be Charge d'Affaires in his absence.

The normal choice would be Mr. John Coghill, Counselor, who is at present British Embassy representative in Canton.

Decision Soon

Since he is due temporarily to take over the functions of the present Consul-General, Mr. Tyrrell, who is being recalled to London for re-assignment, it will be difficult to bring him from Canton to take charge of the Nanking Embassy.

A decision on the choice of a Charge d'Affaires for Nanking is expected to be announced in a few days.—Associated Press and Reuter.

RACIAL CONFLICT DANGER

London, September 14.

Lord Hailey, British expert on colonial administration, who recently returned from Africa, said today that racial conflict in South Africa might ultimately lead to an open conflict between the white population and African interests.

He was addressing the Rotary Club of London at a luncheon here.

The change was not due merely to a substitution of Dr. Malan for Field-Marshal Smuts, he said. It represented an increase in the tempo of a process and a policy which had been going on since the Union got its own status and separate government in 1908.

Stressing the possibility of conflict between the white and coloured interests, Lord Hailey declared: "The white population is prepared to stand that in the interest of maintaining their own standards of life and their own type of civilisation."

"It is, however, a matter in which we ourselves can take no hand at all; we can only watch developments."

But for us, it has one very practical consideration. "If such a conflict does ensue, and takes an open form, either in the political field, or in a worse field, it will have a very noticeable reaction on the position of South Africa in the Commonwealth and on the Commonwealth itself."

Lord Hailey was Chairman of the Committee on Colonial Research from 1942 to 1947, Chairman of the International African Institute from 1945 to 1947 and is now Deputy Chairman of the Royal African Society.—Reuter.

RACIAL FIGHT IN LONDON

London, September 14.

Kay Lanty, a 19-year-old African from the Gold Coast, was today sent to prison for 18 months for causing grievous bodily harm to a police sergeant and assaulting another.

The prosecutor said that in July a disturbance arose between white and coloured people at a lodging house in South East London. He alleged that Lanty, with a knife in each hand, attacked the police officers. Lanty denied the charges and said that he was attacked by the police as he was going to bed.—Reuter.

The prosecutor said that in July a disturbance arose between white and coloured people at a lodging house in South East London. He alleged that Lanty, with a knife in each hand, attacked the police officers. Lanty denied the charges and said that he was attacked by the police as he was going to bed.—Reuter.

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CHINESE LEGISLATORS AND U.S. WHITE PAPER

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Swatow As Nationalists' Main Base?

Shanghai, September 14.

The vernacular newspaper "Wen Hwei Pao" said today that huge quantities of arms and ammunition supplied by the United States have been shipped to the Kwangtung port of Swatow from the Philippines for distribution to the Chinese Nationalists. The paper described Swatow as one of the main bases for the distribution of American arms to the Nationalists.—Reuter.

CHINESE ENVOY'S APPEAL

Rangoon, September 14.

Dr. Tu Tuen-tan, Chinese Ambassador here, appealed to Burmese Government troops and Burmese rebels to respect the lives and properties of Chinese residents of Burma.

He expressed the hope that nothing be done to disrupt the existing cordiality between China and Burma.

In a press statement Dr. Tu declared the Chinese Embassy here received reports that Chinese are deliberately victimized during disturbances, their homes purposely set afire and their possessions looted by lawless elements.

These victims of unjustifiable actions are now homeless and destitute without hope of restarting life, he said.

Dr. Tu gave the Burmese an assurance that Chinese residing in Burma are not interested in Burma's political affairs.

They are law-abiding citizens wanting only peace and desiring no involvement one way or another in the internal political strife around them, he said.

Dr. Tu concluded: "From time immemorial the Chinese people have had friendly intercourse with Burma. I sincerely trust nothing will be done to harm the traditional cordial friendship between my country and Burma."—Associated Press.

EXIT VISAS FOR FOREIGNERS

Shanghai, September 14.

About 500 people of more than 20 foreign nationalities have been told to call at the Shanghai Foreign Office for exit visas within three days.—Reuter.

German Soldiers Told To Avoid "Sentimentalism"

Hamburg, September 14.

An order forbidding all sentimentalism towards the Russian civil population on the ground that they were used to harsh treatment was read at today's hearing at the war crimes trial of Field Marshal Erich Von Manstein.

The order was issued by the 4th Panzer Army under General Hermann Hoth, one of the armies under Manstein's command. General Hoth is serving a 15-years' war crimes sentence passed by an American court at Nuremberg last October.

According to the order, which was read to the British military court by Mr. Elwyn Jones for the Prosecution, every person employed in digging trenches had to clear daily a three-metre long stretch nearly two metres deep.

Other documents said that in Manstein's area of command 12-year-old children, pregnant women and old people over 70 were concentrated in so-called labour camps and made to work in fortifications.

One document said that Manstein's staff was informed that 800 children, aged about 12, were recruited for trench digging. These prove that the accused was kept posted, Mr. Jones told the court.

A report was also read to the court, in which a German lieutenant complained of conditions in the labour camps. It said that the inmates were a burden to the Army as they were only pregnant women, children and old people.

Recruited By Force

Another document described the conditions in which the Russian civil population was forcibly recruited by the Army or Security Police for trench digging. People often clung to trees or jumped from moving lorries to escape from being pressed into service, it said.

The sight of a single German army lorry sent people scurrying off into the woods to escape forced labour, according to a captured German document.

The captured documents also described the demolitions to be executed in Russia by retreating German troops on the widest scale including factories and saw mills.

This, the prosecutor noted, was carrying dismaying too far. The defence opposed strongly an attempt to introduce evidence of close co-operation between the German Army and the Nazi Government labour organisation which demanded the deportation of 1,000,000 Soviet workers to Germany in four months.

For crimes against such Slav workers, Fritz Sauckel was hanged by an international military tribunal at Nuremberg.

Counsel for the defence, Hans Laternser, argued that this evidence did not concern von Manstein.

The court withheld a ruling. The presiding judge, Lieutenant-General Sir Frank Simpson, announced that he would go to London on Thursday afternoon.—Reuter and Associated Press.

Canton, September 15.
Strong criticism of the American White Paper on China continues to be expressed by members of the Legislative Yuan in Canton in interviews with the local newspapers.

A group of legislators, in a statement to the Press today, lays the blame for the situation in China today on the Yalta Agreement.

"We who are representatives of the people are fully aware of the deteriorating situation in China. Internally, the main cause is that the administrative efficiency of our Government has not yet reached a degree considered as satisfactory to the Chinese people, and also American material aid was not made full use of."

"The external aspect of the present unfortunate situation may be traced to the detrimental effects to this country of the secret Yalta Agreement, concluded without China's knowledge by Britain, America and Russia. Without the Yalta Agreement, China would not have had to conclude the Sino-Soviet Treaty of Friendship and Alliance of 1945. Without the Sino-Soviet Treaty, the Soviets would not have been provided with an instrument for misinterpretation to the extent of forcibly looting strategic materials and equipment worth US\$2,000,000,000 and allowing large stock of captured Japanese arms to fall so conveniently into Communist hands. The subsequent seizure of power by the Communists in Manchuria had a most serious effect on the whole situation in China Proper."

"America's policy for the past few years of advocating co-operation between the Government and the Communists is another important cause contributing to the present state of affairs. While the National Government was busily occupied with the creation of a coalition government and faithfully observing the true agreement, the Communists took unfair advantage to violate the cease fire order and carried on a ruthless policy of armed aggression and territorial expansion."

U.S. Embargo

"The embargo on China, which was enforced by the United States Government after the failure of General Marshall's mediation efforts in 1946, and the effect of hurting only the National Government. The Chinese Communists were not affected, because being a link in the international Communist chain, they were in a favourable position with respect to aid from the Soviet Union."

"The Chinese people are certainly grateful for the large amount of material aid received during and after the war. A considerable portion consisted of UNRRA supplies, which UNRRA handled without neglecting Communist-controlled areas. It is true that the war surplus supplies were sold to China at a very low figure, but surprisingly enough most of this surplus had deteriorated owing to the tropical climate, while the kind of war equipment that is really suitable for use in the country did not amount to more than \$100,000,000 as pointed out by Senator Knowland. As far as the 1948 Aid to China Act is concerned, US\$50,000,000 is still held up thus, thus a precedent for assistance on paper."

"China was already weakened at the end of the Second World War after having resisted Japanese aggression for eight long years, four of which were fought single-handedly. China had already made a heavy sacrifice of human lives and property for Democracy's cause; and the Communist rebellion against the Chinese Government brought further devastation, reduction of production and inflation. This is enough to weaken any country, and there is little wonder that Government efficiency and the morale of the troops should be affected."

Determined To Resist

"We legislators who were elected by our constituents in the year, have been doing our best since the first session to institute internal reforms by legislative means and to boost the morale of our troops at the front. Today the present Government's determination to fight Communism to the bitter end is receiving the full support of the Chinese people. The fact that thousands risk their lives every day in order to escape from Communist territory after having experienced Red terrorism speaks for itself."

"We disagree with the United States Department's insistence that the National Government is a government which has lost the confidence of its own troops and its own people. This same Government still controls 1,000,000 square miles of territory, has 200,000,000 people under its jurisdiction, commands 2,000,000 regular troops in the army, and the navy and air force personnel, besides countless guerrillas operating behind the Red lines. Far from being a regime without faith in itself or that Nationalist troops had lost the will to fight, as charged by the White Paper, the National Government is still able to carry on a life and death struggle with the Red forces along a long battle front stretching from Kansu to Hunan, Kiangsi, Fukien and the Kwangtung border. This is the best refutation of the assertion that the Nationalist army is an army without morale."

"The evidence, in fact, is sufficient evidence that the spirit of resistance shown by the present Government is gaining the confidence of the people as a whole."

"We are really fighting a vanguard battle for the whole world's anti-Communist nations to preserve Democracy from the Red scourge. For it must be realized that unless China is made safe, Asia can never be made safe."

Defeatist Policy

"During the present world crisis the United States Government still adheres to its announced policy of abandoning China, discounting China's fighting strength, and holding out the pious hope that liberal anti-Communist elements will some day 're-assert themselves' and overthrow the Communists. America's defeatist policy goes far beyond Communist expectations. It has the effect of discouraging China from mobilising her total anti-Communist strength and rather encourages disension."

"We take this opportunity to point out that certain elements at one time have come out openly in their true colours as tools of the Communists, who supported and gave them orders from the very start. On the other hand, those who are upholding the Chinese Constitution, which is the foundation upon which the National Government is built, are really the ones who are democratic in thought and are advancing Democracy's cause."

"Secretary of State Acheson thinks the prevention of the whole of Asia from being overrun by the Reds is a simple matter of drawing a circle around the Chinese Communists, allowing them a free hand as long as they remain within China, but warning them not to enter the territory of any of China's neighbours. Mr. Acheson himself announces that the Chinese Communists have international affiliations and are subservient to Soviet Russia, and it would certainly be 'wishful thinking' to expect the Communists to observe a limitation of geographic boundaries or to refrain from overthrowing legitimate governments by force. Also it is common knowledge that the current Communist uprising in South East Asia may be the forerunner of a circle around the Chinese Communists. If the whole of China, with its huge population and tremendous resources, is subjugated, then the Red domination of South East Asia and India will only be a matter of time."

The Only Way

"In that unfortunate eventuality, one-half of the earth's surface and three-fifths of the world's population would fall behind the Iron Curtain. Who can ensure a definite victory then, even if a large supply of atomic bombs is available?"

"If America is really determined to maintain world peace and order, it would be necessary to mobilise the anti-Communist forces all over the world to form a strong anti-Communist front. To preserve Asia there is no other way except for the United States Government to reverse its policy of abandoning the present Chinese Government. It is not too late to support China in its determined resistance against Communist aggression. Such an expression of goodwill when the Chinese Government is faced with so many difficulties, will earn the lasting gratitude of the Chinese people and will further implement the historic friendship between the United States and China."

"We are of the opinion that Asia should be given the same treatment as Europe. We are in favour of the formation of a Pacific Alliance, with China's active participation. Only by lining up all the anti-Communist countries in Asia together with the North Atlantic Pact nations to form a compact world-wide line of defence against Communism, can the world be made safe for Democracy."—Our Own Correspondent.

BRITISH ELECTION FORECAST

New York, September 14.

Mr. Roland Robinson, Conservative Member of Parliament, today predicted that British elections would be held either in November or June. Mr. Robinson was among the 1,828 passengers on the Queen Mary leaving for England. He said he was returning to prepare for the elections.

Regarding the tripartite talks, he said: "I think they have been quite sound without being sensational. Certainly they won't solve all problems."

Also aboard with Mr. Pat McCarran (Democrat, Nevada), chairman of three Congressional Committees, one of them the ECA spending watchdog group, Mr. McCarran repeated his support of U.S. recognition for Spain. He also spoke abroad in connection with ECA spending and Embassy expenditure, plus immigration problems.—United Press.



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NO DEVALUATION OF THE POUND: LONDON TREASURY STATEMENT

CHIFLEY ON THE CRISIS

Canberra, September 14. The Australian Prime Minister, Mr. Joseph Chifley, told Parliament today he thought that the Washington financial talks had brought no easing of the short-term dollar position. He paid tribute to the British people, who have carried the heat and burden of the day, and said that Europe would now be under Communist control if it had not been for Marshall Aid and Sterling credits. He said that what is hoped for is the stopping of the drain on gold and dollar reserves and improvement in dollar earnings. In reply to a motion of censure by the Opposition leader, Mr. R. G. Menzies—who blamed the Government for the shortage of petrol in Australia—Mr. Chifley said: "We cannot earn enough dollars to buy all the things we want from the dollar area, including petrol."

Last year, he said, Australia bought \$164,000,000 from the British Treasury. "This year, despite our efforts to reduce the drain on shrinking reserves, we still have to buy \$72,000,000," he added. The censure motion was defeated by 35 votes to 24.—Reuter.

Washington Memorial To Gandhi

Washington, September 14. The United States Senate today approved the erection of a memorial in Washington to the Indian leader, Mahatma Gandhi. The Senate passed, without objection, the Mahatma Gandhi Memorial Bill to erect a memorial within five years without expense to the United States Government. The Bill had already been approved by the House of Representatives and now only requires President Truman's signature to become law. It gives authority to the India League of America or any other group organized for the purpose to erect a memorial and provide the funds necessary for its construction and maintenance. The Secretary of State, Mr. Dean Acheson, wrote last June to a joint Senate-House Committee considering the Bill, expressing his approval. The memorial will take the form of a building containing the works of Mahatma Gandhi and exhibits of Indian culture.—Reuter.

STUDENT RIOT IN CALCUTTA

Calcutta, September 15. The police used tear gas today to disperse University students demonstrating before the residence of Dr. P. N. Banerjee, Vice-Chancellor of Calcutta University. The police made 40 arrests. The students were demonstrating as a protest against the University's non-fulfilment of a demand for the resumption of night classes for Commerce students. The demonstration was part of a city-wide student strike, which resulted in College authorities closing institutions temporarily. Earlier this week Dr. Banerjee announced a decision to close the Calcutta University sine die in the interests of discipline and as a mark of disapproval of the conduct of student demonstrators. This decision was taken following a clash between police and student demonstrators, resulting in injuries to 10 persons.—Reuter.

OPTIMISTIC VIEW OF THE CRISIS

London, September 14. Mr. W. John Kennedy, head of the Marshall Aid Mission to Britain, said on his arrival here by air from Washington tonight that he is sure the three-power talks there would go a long way towards solving the dollar crisis problem. Mr. Kennedy was appointed in July to succeed Mr. Thomas K. Finletter.—Reuter.

CRIPPS SEES AN OLD FRIEND

Washington, September 14. While Mr. Acheson and Mr. Bevin were talking European policy at the State Department, Sir Stafford Cripps visited his friend, the Secretary of Defense, Louis Johnson, at the Pentagon. They met in India in 1942. Mr. Johnson said that they were not discussing economics and that mutual hope now is the peace of the world.—Associated Press.

London, September 14. The Treasury today re-iterated declarations by its chief, Sir Stafford Cripps, that Britain has no intention of devaluing the pound sterling.

A spokesman made this clear in commenting on renewed rumours that this country would cheapen the value of the pound from its present level of \$4.33.

Asked specifically about a report in the "New York Times" that the pound might be devalued to \$3.20 this week-end, the spokesman told a reporter: "The story is not now. I can only refer you to past announcements on the subject by the Chancellor of the Exchequer."

Sir Stafford's latest public statement on Britain's attitude was made in New York on September 7 when he told reporters that he would stand by what he told the House of Commons on July 6 that the Labour Government had not the slightest intention of devaluing the pound.

Rumours of pound and other European currencies devaluations have been revived since the reports of the International Monetary Fund and World Bank on Tuesday urging dollar deficit countries to take this step.

Financial observers point out that no government would announce in advance its decision to devalue its currency. To do this would be to open the way to world-wide speculation.

Officials do not appear to be surprised by the statements made by Camille Gutt, ranking director of the International Monetary Fund, and Eugene R. Black, President of the World Bank.

But the officials do seem worried that the stabilising effect on sterling of the three-power communiqué issued on Monday at the end of the Anglo-American-Canadian economic talks might to some extent be offset by later Fund and Bank debates.

Criticism Not Approved. Nor do British officials approve Mr. Black's implicit criticism of this country's programme of social services.

They said Sir Stafford Cripps may answer Mr. Black publicly at a dinner which is to be held in Washington later this week. Mr. Black did not mention Britain by name on Tuesday when he said many countries had extensive programmes of social welfare which they could not afford, but the British feel assured he had them in mind.

Britain is spending about £846,000,000 on social services and food subsidies this year, little more than one quarter of the total national budget. Government spokesmen, including Sir Stafford Cripps, have made it plain that the country's economic crisis might compel the Cabinet to cut spending in this direction. To do so would almost certainly be to court unpopularity at a time when a general election is not more than nine months off.

Officials complain that Mr. Black had made no effort to analyse the relationship between a country's expenditure on social services and its balance of payments position.

Best Investment. They stressed the Labour Government's view that social services represent the best investment which can be made from every point of view, because they contribute towards industrial efficiency, national health, vigour, stability and productivity.

Meanwhile, in New York the Wall Street Journal and the Journal of Commerce today expressed wonder and puzzlement over the deep satisfaction expressed by the participants in the three-power financial talks in Washington especially that of Britain's representatives, Mr. Ernest Bevin and Sir Stafford Cripps.

In their first editorial comments on the talks, both papers, which usually reflect accurately public opinion in New York's financial district, speculated about undisclosed decisions at the conference.

The Journal of Commerce, declaring that the official communiqué had an air of unreality, said: "Since the actual accomplishments of the conference were rather meagre, this satisfaction can reflect only one of two things—either the delegates became convinced that the British problem is not nearly as difficult as was the general impression before the conference or they must know more about rescue operations now being mapped out than we have been told thus far."

Only Way? The Journal of Commerce said the first point had been quickly dispelled by the International Monetary Fund in just one sentence, when the Fund's Annual

Cabinet Crisis Meeting

London, September 14. The Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee, and a group of Cabinet and other Ministers considered new despatches from the Washington financial talks at No. 10 Downing Street tonight.

The Ministers summoned to the meeting included those directing key departments affected by the forthcoming £100,000,000 (\$400,000,000) cuts in dollar imports.

The Government awaited the outcome of the Washington talks before drawing up its revised key departments affected by the forthcoming £100,000,000 (\$400,000,000) cuts in dollar imports.

The President of the Board of Trade, Mr. Harold Wilson, has to complete his revised schedule of exports soon. It is understood that he will give a full report on the Washington conference's attitude toward Clause 9 of the 1946 Anglo-American loan agreement, which forbids discrimination against American products.

This has an important bearing on Mr. Wilson's scheme of preparing a list of European commodities on which the Government will relax Customs restrictions to stimulate competition here and assist European trade.

The Government has made no official reply to the suggestion of Mr. Eugene A. Black, the President of the International Bank, that many countries could not afford ambitious social service programmes.

Political quarters assume that Britain will be in the scope of the observation, made at the Bank's annual meeting in Washington yesterday.

Government quarters say the answer is that social services cost about £21,000,000 (\$84,000,000) in administration, but that apart from this small budgetary expenditure the £846,000,000 yearly cost of the services represents simply "internal" money transferred from one purpose to another.

They hold that it has nothing to do with Britain's balance of payments position.—Reuter.

Attack On Reciprocal Trade Plan

Washington, September 14. The Senate Republican leader, Kenneth Wherry, charged today that the Administration has turned the reciprocal trade programme into a "one way street" for foreign producers to take over American markets.

Senator Wherry announced that he will vote against the reciprocal trade bill unless the Senate approves the Republican-sponsored "peril point" amendment. Senator Willis Robertson (Democrat, Virginia) attacked the "peril point" amendment as an essentially high protectionist device.

Mr. Wherry predicted that the tariff agreement recently made in France will have to be renegotiated if the peril point provision is retained.—United Press.

INDIAN CHAIRMAN FOR WORLD BANK

Washington, September 14. India is the next member country to be Chairman of the International Monetary Fund and International Bank for Reconstruction and Development.

The formal voting among the 48-member nations will be held on the last day of the present session of the two bodies, September 18. During the last four annual sessions the Chairman have been drawn from the United States, Britain, China and France.

It is India's chance this year as the next most senior member.—United Press.

Bank's President On Devaluation

Washington, September 14. The World Bank President, Eugene Black, told the press today that he received generally favourable reaction to his address to the governors of the International Bank and the Monetary Fund on Tuesday.

In the speech he said that European nations must seek a realistic value for their currencies as part of the programme to increase exports to the dollar area.

Mr. Black said he discussed with governors representing banks of the 48 members the possibility of increasing technical assistance to under-developed areas of the world.

He asked them for suggestions on how the technical assistance programme could be improved. These projects are closely linked with President Truman's "Point Four" programme.

Devaluation by European countries would not have any significant effect on the Bank's operations. When a nation devalues its currency it must make its subscription to the Bank good in

Sterling Futures Rise In New York

New York, September 14. Quotations of the pound sterling for future delivery in New York have advanced sharply in the past two days. Bankers attribute this to the belief that devaluation of the pound has been pushed farther into the background. Sterling for delivery in 60 days rose nearly two cents on Wednesday after a rise of over three cents on Tuesday and is now quoted around \$3.94.—Associated Press.

U.S. HINTS ON REVALUATION

Washington, September 14. Delegates of 48 nations attending the annual meeting of the International Monetary Fund here watched intently today for signs that the Fund's executive directors might be called into a session.

Conference circles believe that such a development, if it occurs, would probably herald action in the direction of the revaluation of the Pound and possibly other European currencies.

Officials have pointed out that the executives would not ordinarily convene formally during the present meeting, which is a conference of the Board of Governors of both the Fund and the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development.

However, directors and not governors would rule on the revaluation request but they must first be approached by the government or governments which wish to take such action.

The governments concerned must give the directors 48 hours' notice of any revaluation plan under the Fund articles of agreement.

Reports from London that a revaluation announcement might come over the week-end were discounted by Fund officials. They contend that the British Government would probably not announce a cut in world price in the Pound so soon.

Merger Proposed

Fund officials said that if a meeting of directors is held during the next few days it will probably be carefully masked to insure secrecy. They said that premature publicity on revaluation could result in disastrous speculation on the new prices of European currencies.

Meanwhile, Republican Representative Jacob Javits proposed that the Bank and Fund merge into a single organization to protect United States interests in future world economic activities.

Mr. Javits said in letters to officials of the two organizations that a merger would permit the use of the Fund's \$4,000,000,000 resources for world recovery loans.

The Bank, which at present is handling such loans, has about \$320,000,000 available for that purpose.

Mr. Javits said extra reserves will be needed for lending purposes after the European Recovery Act expires in 1952. In addition, he said, the step is dictated by the British dollar crisis and the need for planning under President Truman's "Point Four" programme for the development of backward areas.—United Press.

Thailand Asking For Loan

Washington, September 14. Prince Viwat, Thailand's Minister of Finance, has asked the World Bank and Monetary Fund to speed up consideration of a loan to his country. He asked for quick action because of the continuing Communist advance in Asia.

In an interview he said the bank has promised to send a technical team to Thailand soon to investigate the tapping of possible gold and oil resources.

"We have a small gold industry in my country now," the Prince said, "but we are hopeful that we will be able to develop it on a much larger scale with bank aid."

The Prince specifically said he would not ask the United States Government's Export-Import Bank for money except on advice of the World Bank.

He also said he had reached an agreement with the World Bank on the backing of a certain proportion of Thailand currency with gold in an effort to maintain his country's money on an even keel. He said it was hoped that Thai money would be pegged on a par-value basis in relation to the dollar.

The Prince declined to elaborate and declined to comment on reports that Thai currency might be set at five bahts per US\$1.00 in the near future.

However, Fund officials indicated that such a step might be taken.—Associated Press.

EUROPE'S FOOD POSITION

Paris, September 14. Marshall Plan officials told more than 150 visiting American farmers here today of a dramatic improvement in Western Europe's food position during the last 10 months.

At the same time they warned that by 1952, when dollar aid ends, Western Europe's population would be 14 per cent higher than before the war.

That means that if Europe is going to be well fed, as before the war, either she will have to increase her agricultural production by 14 per cent or find the means to import 14 per cent more food.

The farmers said their own way from the United States to appraise European agricultural production and methods.

They will visit French, Swiss, German, Belgian, Dutch and British farms on a friendship tour.

Mr. Barry Bingham, head of the Economic Co-operation Administration Mission in France, told the farmers that by 1952 France hoped to increase agricultural production by 25 per cent over the pre-war level, produce a 1,500-ton exportable surplus of wheat, and export 120,000 tons of meat.—Reuter.

"BIG FOUR" MEETING IN U.S.

Washington, September 15. A State Department spokesman said today that all the "Big Four" Foreign Ministers are expected to be in New York for the opening of the United Nations General Assembly on September 20.

He added that it has not been decided whether they will consider German problems.

The spokesman said that the United States Embassy in Moscow had issued a visa to the Soviet Foreign Minister, M. Andrei Vyshinsky.

Mr. Dean Acheson, United States Secretary of State, hopes to be able to attend the opening Assembly session.

The spokesman said that it has not yet been decided whether the Foreign Ministers will meet separately at that time to consider German problems.

At the Council meeting in Paris last summer, the Foreign Ministers agreed that representatives of the four countries should meet in New York when the General Assembly convenes to discuss a possible future meeting of the Ministers concerning Germany and Austria.

Mr. McDermott said that the British, French and American Foreign Ministers will join the Ministers of the other North Atlantic treaty nations for the Treaty Council meeting due to open here on Saturday morning.—Reuter.

PILGRIMAGE TO ARNHEM

London, September 14. Two hundred and fifty men and women left London tonight for Holland on the annual pilgrimage to Arnhem, commemorating 1944's epic battle for the Rhine bridges.

They were soldiers and relatives of the British 1st Airborne Division, which sent 8,000 parachute and glider troops into one of the most audacious feats of the war.

Only 2,000 returned after eight days of gallant resistance against overwhelming German counter-attacks. The pilgrims will visit the Arnhem Cemetery of 18,000 graves as part of a five-day anniversary tour as the guests of the Dutch Government. This is the fourth pilgrimage.—Reuter.

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NOTICE TO MEMBERS

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There are ten races, the First Ball will be rung at 1.30 p.m. and the first race will be run at 2.00 p.m.

Through Tickets (10 Races—£20) may be obtained at the Office of the Treasurer, 1st Floor, Telephone House, also tickets for the special Cash Sweep on the last race as well as those for the "Kwongtung Handicap" to be run at the Double Tenth Race Meeting on 28th October, 1949. Tickets in the Special Cash Sweep on the last race and those for the "Kwongtung Handicap" may be purchased also at the Club's Branch Office, No. 382 Nathan Road, Kowloon.

MEMBERS' BADGES AND ENCLOSURE. Members and guests are reminded that they and their ladies MUST wear their badges prominently displayed throughout the Meeting.

NO ONE WITHOUT A BADGE WILL BE ADMITTED TO THE MEMBERS' ENCLOSURE.

Badges admitting non-members to the Members' Enclosure and Club Rooms at \$10 including tax, are obtainable through the Secretary on the written or personal introduction of a member, such member to be responsible for all chits, etc.

Badges admitting to Members' Enclosure will NOT be on sale at the RACE COURSE.

The Treasurers' Comptroller Office will close at 11 a.m. and the Secretary's Office at 11.45 a.m. Both Offices at 1st Floor, Telephone House.

A limited number of tickets will be obtainable at the Club House provided they are ordered in advance from the No. 1 Boy (Tel. 27618). NO CHILDREN WILL BE ADMITTED TO THE CLUB'S PREMISES DURING THE MEETING.

PUBLIC ENCLOSURE. The price of admission to the Public Enclosure is \$3 including tax for all persons including ladies, and is payable at the Gate.

BOOKMAKERS, TIC TAC MEN, ETC., WILL NOT BE PERMITTED TO OPERATE WITHIN THE PREMISES OF THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB DURING THE RACE MEETING.

MEALS AND REFRESHMENTS WILL BE OBTAINABLE IN THE RESTAURANT IN THE PUBLIC ENCLOSURE.

SERVANTS' PASSES. Servants' passes will be issued to private box holders only, who are requested to distribute them with discrimination and to endorse their names on the passes. Holders of such passes are not permitted in the members' Enclosure except for passing through on their duties and must remain in their employers' stands.

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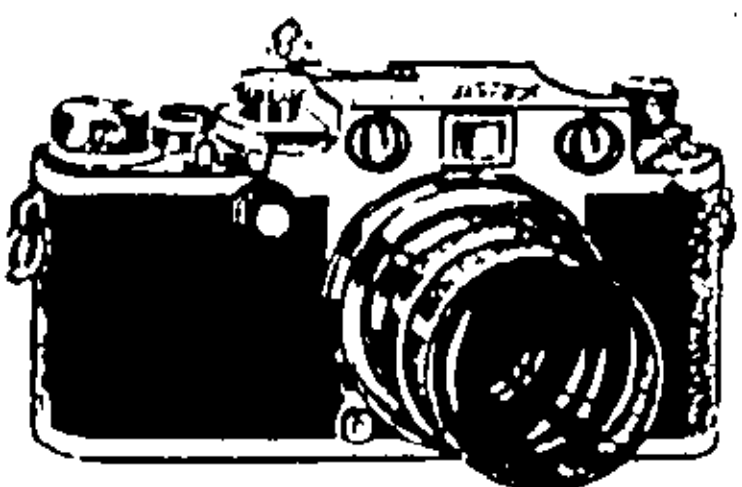
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PROGRAMME OF DEVELOPMENT IN COLONIES

London, September 14.

Britain has produced an analysis of long-term colonial development projects which unofficial quarters estimate would cost in the aggregate from £250,000,000 to £400,000,000. Political sources revealed this here tonight.

WAR IN GREECE NOT OVER

Athens, September 14.

Lieutenant-General James

van Fleet, chief of the United

States military mission to

Greece, said today that, despite

the Greek Government suc-

cesses against the Communist

guerrillas, the war is not over—

back in Athens and a summer

in North East Greece with

the campaigning Greek Army,

General van Fleet, in an inter-

view cited the success of the

Army in clearing the guerrillas

from their strongholds in Gram-

mos and Vitsi, along the Albanian

and Yugoslav borders, but he

cautioned: "There are many

small bands of guerrillas who

remain in areas of Central Greece

and other parts. There are also

all those who escaped to Albania

and Bulgaria. Those within

Greece must be tracked down.

"Those outside the country await

"a solution."

"The Communists in Greece

have suffered a disaster," said

General van Fleet. "They lost

their cause completely. As things

stand now, they really have no

reason whatever to continue.

The Greek Communists now face

the decision of quitting once and

for all or coming back for what

they know is a losing battle."

The task of the American

military mission in Greece re-

mains the same, according to

General van Fleet, despite the

general improvement in the

military situation.

"The present and immediate

future of the Greek situation

requires continuation of the

American military mission," he

said. "We shall still train the

Greek Army in field tactics and

infantry problems and we shall

continue to instruct in the main-

tenance of equipment and mat-

erial."—United Press.

Greece's Grave Decision

Athens, September 14.

M. Alexander Diomedes, Greek

Prime Minister, said tonight

that the Greek Government has

decided to invoke Article 51 of

the United Nations Charter if

the rebels now beyond her front-

iers renew their aggression

against Greek territory.

Greece, he told Reuters, will

exercise her inherent right of

self-defence "to deal with any

action that is considered an armed

attack under the Article.

(Article 51 permits a member of

the United Nations to take what

measures it thinks necessary in

self-defence against armed at-

tack until the Security Council

itself acts. These measures must

be reported immediately to the

Council.)

Referring to reports abroad

that the Greek issue might be

discussed by the "Big Four"

Powers, M. Diomedes supported

the recent statement by the

Greek Deputy Premier, M.

Sophocles Venizelos, that Greece

would never admit any inter-

ference in her domestic affairs,

and that she considered the

issue as exclusively a problem of

the security of her Northern

borders.

The Greek Cabinet met to-

night and approved the foreign

policy outlined by the Govern-

ment's Co-ordinating Com-

mittee.

The Foreign Minister, M.

Tsaladris, will fly tomorrow to

New York where he is to lead

the Greek delegation at the forth-

coming United Nations General

Assembly session.—Reuters.

The Economic Co-operation Ad-

ministration recently invited all

Marshall Aid countries to submit

their programmes for colonial de-

velopment on a long-term basis

with a view to establishing how

the dollar cost of such pro-

jects could be met under any ex-

ension of United States assis-

tance.

The British list of projects,

with those of the other Marshall

Aid countries, will be transmitted

to the Organisation for Euro-

pean Economic Co-operation to

the ECA.

It is understood that the list

is of a tentative character and

that some of the projects might

take as long as 25 years to com-

plete.

There is a breakdown of the

aggregate figures to show what

proportion of the dollar cost of

such projects might be met from

American assistance.

Dollar Element

Political quarters suggest that

in some of the projects the dollar

element would be only 10 per

cent.

President Truman, in the

famous "Fourth Point" of his

inaugural address, proposed

making the benefits of America's

scientific advances and industrial

progress available for the im-

provement and growth of unde-

developed areas.

Britain and the other Marshall

Aid countries, in the light of the

ECA's invitation to submit their

colonial development pro-

grammes, have studied these pro-

grammes to establish how the

dollar expenditure could assist

in particular projects contributing

immediately to a general world

recovery.

"The present and immediate

future of the Greek situation

requires continuation of the

American military mission," he

said. "We shall still train the

Greek Army in field tactics and

infantry problems and we shall

continue to instruct in the main-

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"KWEIYANG"	Saigon & Bangkok	3 p.m. 18th Sept.
"FUKIEN"	Saigon, Singapore, Macassar, Sourabaya, Semarang & Batavia	5 p.m. 20th Sept.
"ANHUI"	Singapore, Penang & Belawan	Noon 21st Sept.
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Illiteracy In Asia To Be Discussed

London, September 14. The entire problem of illiteracy among the rural population of Asian countries will be reviewed at the world seminar being held in India on behalf of the United Nations Education, Scientific and Cultural Organisation in November. Dr. Tara Singh, Secretary to the Indian Ministry of Education, said here tonight.

Nearly all countries of the world had been invited to attend, he told Reuters. The conference opens on October 2 and is expected to last about six weeks.—Reuters.

CANTONESE BY RADIO

BY S.K. LEE

Lesson 39 (A)

Vocabulary:	
424. (lik) (3)lik.	A calendar.
425. (peng) peng(2).	A cake.
426. (mut) (3)mut.	An article. An object.
427. (kai) (1)kai.	Date. Period.
428. (ka) gah(2).	False. Imposture. Untrue.
429. (chui) chui(3).	Goods. Merchandise.
430. (fu) foo(2).	Politics. Administration.
	A prefecture. A residence. A mansion.
431. (sit) dzik(3).	A joint. A section. A festival.

Combinations:	
1. (3)Yut (3)lik.	A calendar.
2. (3)Gau (3)lik.	Old calendar. Lunar calendar.
3. Sun(1) (3)lik.	New calendar. Solar calendar.
4. Beng(2) gon(1).	A biscuit.
5. (3)Mut geen(2).	An article. An object.
6. Fung(3) (3)mut.	Goods. Merchandise.
7. (2)kal (3)mut.	A present. A gift.
8. Soong(3) (2)kal-(3)mut.	Date.
9. (3)Yut (1)kai.	A period of time.
10. (1)Shue (1)kai.	Sailing date.
11. (1)Shuen (1)kai.	Vacation. Holiday.
12. Gah(3) (1)kai.	To have a holiday.
13. Fong(3) gah(3).	To ask for leave of absence.
14. Tsing(2) gah(3).	The government.
15. Jing(3) foo(2).	

General expressions:	
1. Goung(1)-Joong(3).	Public. Community.
2. Goung(1)-Joong(3) gah(3)-(1)kai.	A public holiday.

Joong-Tsau Dzit:	
1. (2)Mool (1)nen, (3)gau-(3)lik baat(3)-(3)Yuet (3)ship-(2)ing, (3)Yut (3)hal (1)Tong-(1)Yun-goh(3) Joong, (1)-Tsau(1) Dzit(3).	A fable.
2. Joong(1)-Tsau(1) Dzit(3) gau(2) (3)Jin-(1)shue, (2)Yut looh(2)-dau(1) (1)Yun soong(3)-(2)kal, (3)Kul-(3)day soong(3) beng(2) bar(2) (2)kui-(3)day-goh(3) tsun(1)-tsik(1), (1)Yung-(2)Yau, (3)dzoh (2)lui-(3)mut.	The Mid-Autumn Festival: Each year, on the fifteenth day of the eighth moon in the old calendar is the Chinese Mid-Autumn Festival.

3. Goung(1)-Tsau(1) Dzit(3) gau(2) (3)Jin-(1)shue, (2)Yut looh(2)-dau(1) (1)Yun soong(3)-(2)kal, (3)Kul-(3)day soong(3) beng(2) bar(2) (2)kui-(3)day-goh(3) tsun(1)-tsik(1), (1)Yung-(2)Yau, (3)dzoh (2)lui-(3)mut.	During the Mid-Autumn Festival, there are many people offering gifts.
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4. Goung(1)-Tsau(1) Dzit(3) gau(2) (3)Jin-(1)shue, (2)Yut looh(2)-dau(1) (1)Yun soong(3)-(2)kal, (3)Kul-(3)day soong(3) beng(2) bar(2) (2)kui-(3)day-goh(3) tsun(1)-tsik(1), (1)Yung-(2)Yau, (3)dzoh (2)lui-(3)mut.	They present cakes as gifts to their relatives and friends.
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5. Goung(1)-Tsau(1) Dzit(3) gau(2) (3)Jin-(1)shue, (2)Yut looh(2)-dau(1) (1)Yun soong(3)-(2)kal, (3)Kul-(3)day soong(3) beng(2) bar(2) (2)kui-(3)day-goh(3) tsun(1)-tsik(1), (1)Yung-(2)Yau, (3)dzoh (2)lui-(3)mut.	Those cakes are called "moon cakes."
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6. Goung(1)-Tsau(1) Dzit(3) gau(2) (3)Jin-(1)shue, (2)Yut looh(2)-dau(1) (1)Yun soong(3)-(2)kal, (3)Kul-(3)day soong(3) beng(2) bar(2) (2)kui-(3)day-goh(3) tsun(1)-tsik(1), (1)Yung-(2)Yau, (3)dzoh (2)lui-(3)mut.	Because of this, there are some Westerners who call this festival the "Moon Cake Festival."
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7. Goung(1)-Tsau(1) Dzit(3) gau(2) (3)Jin-(1)shue, (2)Yut looh(2)-dau(1) (1)Yun soong(3)-(2)kal, (3)Kul-(3)day soong(3) beng(2) bar(2) (2)kui-(3)day-goh(3) tsun(1)-tsik(1), (1)Yung-(2)Yau, (3)dzoh (2)lui-(3)mut.	On the day of the Mid-Autumn Festival, there are many Chinese shops closed for holiday.
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8. Goung(1)-Tsau(1) Dzit(3) gau(2) (3)Jin-(1)shue, (2)Yut looh(2)-dau(1) (1)Yun soong(3)-(2)kal, (3)Kul-(3)day soong(3) beng(2) bar(2) (2)kui-(3)day-goh(3) tsun(1)-tsik(1), (1)Yung-(2)Yau, (3)dzoh (2)lui-(3)mut.	The Hong Kong Government has fixed that day as a public holiday.
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9. Goung(1)-Tsau(1) Dzit(3) gau(2) (3)Jin-(1)shue, (2)Yut looh(2)-dau(1) (1)Yun soong(3)-(2)kal, (3)Kul-(3)day soong(3) beng(2) bar(2) (2)kui-(3)day-goh(3) tsun(1)-tsik(1), (1)Yung-(2)Yau, (3)dzoh (2)lui-(3)mut.	Some people ask me why we have this festival.
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10. Goung(1)-Tsau(1) Dzit(3) gau(2) (3)Jin-(1)shue, (2)Yut looh(2)-dau(1) (1)Yun soong(3)-(2)kal, (3)Kul-(3)day soong(3) beng(2) bar(2) (2)kui-(3)day-goh(3) tsun(1)-tsik(1), (1)Yung-(2)Yau, (3)dzoh (2)lui-(3)mut.	When did this festival start.
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11. Goung(1)-Tsau(1) Dzit(3) gau(2) (3)Jin-(1)shue, (2)Yut looh(2)-dau(1) (1)Yun soong(3)-(2)kal, (3)Kul-(3)day soong(3) beng(2) bar(2) (2)kui-(3)day-goh(3) tsun(1)-tsik(1), (1)Yung-(2)Yau, (3)dzoh (2)lui-(3)mut.	So, I then tell them a fable.
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12. Goung(1)-Tsau(1) Dzit(3) gau(2) (3)Jin-(1)shue, (2)Yut looh(2)-dau(1) (1)Yun soong(3)-(2)kal, (3)Kul-(3)day soong(3) beng(2) bar(2) (2)kui-(3)day-goh(3) tsun(1)-tsik(1), (1)Yung-(2)Yau, (3)dzoh (2)lui-(3)mut.	To be continued)
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13. Goung(1)-Tsau(1) Dzit(3) gau(2) (3)Jin-(1)shue, (2)Yut looh(2)-dau(1) (1)Yun soong(3)-(2)kal, (3)Kul-(3)day soong(3) beng(2) bar(2) (2)kui-(3)day-goh(3) tsun(1)-tsik(1), (1)Yung-(2)Yau, (3)dzoh (2)lui-(3)mut.	
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14. Goung(1)-Tsau(1) Dzit(3) gau(2) (3)Jin-(1)shue, (2)Yut looh(2)-dau(1) (1)Yun soong(3)-(2)kal, (3)Kul-(3)day soong(3) beng(2) bar(2) (2)kui-(3)day-goh(3) tsun(1)-tsik(1), (1)Yung-(2)Yau, (3)dzoh (2)lui-(3)mut.	
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15. Goung(1)-Tsau(1) Dzit(3) gau(2) (3)Jin-(1)shue, (2)Yut looh(2)-dau(1) (1)Yun soong(3)-(2)kal, (3)Kul-(3)day soong(3) beng(2) bar(2) (2)kui-(3)day-goh(3) tsun(1)-tsik(1), (1)Yung-(2)Yau, (3)dzoh (2)lui-(3)mut.	
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16. Goung(1)-Tsau(1) Dzit(3) gau(2) (3)Jin-(1)shue, (2)Yut looh(2)-dau(1) (1)Yun soong(3)-(2)kal, (3)Kul-(3)day soong(3) beng(2) bar(2) (2)kui-(3)day-goh(3) tsun(1)-tsik(1), (1)Yung-(2)Yau, (3)dzoh (2)lui-(3)mut.	
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17. Goung(1)-Tsau(1) Dzit(3) gau(2) (3)Jin-(1)shue, (2)Yut looh(2)-dau(1) (1)Yun soong(3)-(2)kal, (3)Kul-(3)day soong(3) beng(2) bar(2) (2)kui-(3)day-goh(3) tsun(1)-tsik(1), (1)Yung-(2)Yau, (3)dzoh (2)lui-(3)mut.	
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18. Goung(1)-Tsau(1) Dzit(3) gau(2) (3)Jin-(1)shue, (2)Yut looh(2)-dau(1) (1)Yun soong(3)-(2)kal, (3)Kul-(3)day soong(3) beng(2) bar(2) (2)kui-(3)day-goh(3) tsun(1)-tsik(1), (1)Yung-(2)Yau, (3)dzoh (2)lui-(3)mut.	
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19. Goung(1)-Tsau(1) Dzit(3) gau(2) (3)Jin-(1)shue, (2)Yut looh(2)-dau(1) (1)Yun soong(3)-(2)kal, (3)Kul-(3)day soong(3) beng(2) bar(2) (2)kui-(3)day-goh(3) tsun(1)-tsik(1), (1)Yung-(2)Yau, (3)dzoh (2)lui-(3)mut.	
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20. Goung(1)-Tsau(1) Dzit(3) gau(2) (3)Jin-(1)shue, (2)Yut looh(2)-dau(1) (1)Yun soong(3)-(2)kal, (3)Kul-(3)day soong(3) beng(2) bar(2) (2)kui-(3)day-goh(3) tsun(1)-tsik(1), (1)Yung-(2)Yau, (3)dzoh (2)lui-(3)mut.	
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21. Goung(1)-Tsau(1) Dzit(3) gau(2) (3)Jin-(1)shue, (2)Yut looh(2)-dau(1) (1)Yun soong(3)-(2)kal, (3)Kul-(3)day soong(3) beng(2) bar(2) (2)kui-(3)day-goh(3) tsun(1)-tsik(1), (1)Yung-(2)Yau, (3)dzoh (2)lui-(3)mut.	
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22. Goung(1)-Tsau(1) Dzit(3) gau(2) (3)Jin-(1)shue, (2)Yut looh(2)-dau(1) (1)Yun soong(3)-(2)kal, (3)Kul-(3)day soong(3) beng(2) bar(2) (2)kui-(3)day-goh(3) tsun(1)-tsik(1), (1)Yung-(2)Yau, (3)dzoh (2)lui-(3)mut.	
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23. Goung(1)-Tsau(1) Dzit(3) gau(2) (3)Jin-(1)shue, (2)Yut looh(2)-dau(1) (1)Yun soong(3)-(2)kal, (3)Kul-(3)day soong(3) beng(2) bar(2) (2)kui-(3)day-goh(3) tsun(1)-tsik(1), (1)Yung-(2)Yau, (3)dzoh (2)lui-(3)mut.	
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24. Goung(1)-Tsau(1) Dzit(3) gau(2) (3)Jin-(1)shue, (2)Yut looh(2)-dau(1) (1)Yun soong(3)-(2)kal, (3)Kul-(3)day soong(3) beng(2) bar(2) (2)kui-(3)day-goh(3) tsun(1)-tsik(1), (1)Yung-(2)Yau, (3)dzoh (2)lui-(3)mut.	
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25. Goung(1)-Tsau(1) Dzit(3) gau(2) (3)Jin-(1)shue, (2)Yut looh(2)-dau(1) (1)Yun soong(3)-(2)kal, (3)Kul-(3)day soong(3) beng(2) bar(2) (2)kui-(3)day-goh(3) tsun(1)-tsik(1), (1)Yung-(2)Yau, (3)dzoh (2)lui-(3)mut.	
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26. Goung(1)-Tsau(1) Dzit(3) gau(2) (3)Jin-(1)shue, (2)Yut looh(2)-dau(1) (1)Yun soong(3)-(2)kal, (3)Kul-(3)day soong(3) beng(2) bar(2) (2)kui-(3)day-goh(3) tsun(1)-tsik(1), (1)Yung-(2)Yau, (3)dzoh (2)lui-(3)mut.	
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27. Goung(1)-Tsau(1) Dzit(3) gau(2) (3)Jin-(1)shue, (2)Yut looh(2)-dau(1) (1)Yun soong(3)-(2)kal, (3)Kul-(3)day soong(3) beng(2) bar(2) (2)kui-(3)day-goh(3) tsun(1)-tsik(1), (1)Yung-(2)Yau, (3)dzoh (2)lui-(3)mut.	
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28. Goung(1)-Tsau(1) Dzit(3) gau(2) (3)Jin-(1)shue, (2)Yut looh(2)-dau(1) (1)Yun soong(3)-(2)kal, (3)Kul-(3)day soong(3) beng(2) bar(2) (2)kui-(3)day-goh(3) tsun(1)-tsik(1), (1)Yung-(2)Yau, (3)dzoh (2)lui-(3)mut.	
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29. Goung(1)-Tsau(1) Dzit(3) gau(2) (3)Jin-(1)shue, (2)Yut looh(2)-dau(1) (1)Yun soong(3)-(2)kal, (3)Kul-(3)day soong(3) beng(2) bar(2) (2)kui-(3)day-goh(3) tsun(1)-tsik(1), (1)Yung-(2)Yau, (3)dzoh (2)lui-(3)mut.	
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30. Goung(1)-Tsau(1) Dzit(3) gau(2) (3)Jin-(1)shue, (2)Yut looh(2)-dau(1) (1)Yun soong(3)-(2)kal, (3)Kul-(3)day soong(3) beng(2) bar(2) (2)kui-(3)day-goh(3) tsun(1)-tsik(1), (1)Yung-(2)Yau, (3)dzoh (2)lui-(3)mut.	
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31. Goung(1)-Tsau(1) Dzit(3) gau(2) (3)Jin-(1)shue, (2)Yut looh(2)-dau(1) (1)Yun soong(3)-(2)kal, (3)Kul-(3)day soong(3) beng(2) bar(2) (2)kui-(3)day-goh(3) tsun(1)-tsik(1), (1)Yung-(2)Yau, (3)dzoh (2)lui-(3)mut.	
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32. Goung(1)-Tsau(1) Dzit(3) gau(2) (3)Jin-(1)shue, (2)Yut looh(2)-dau(1) (1)Yun soong(3)-(2)kal, (3)Kul-(3)day soong(3) beng(2) bar(2) (2)kui-(3)day-goh(3) tsun(1)-tsik(1), (1)Yung-(2)Yau, (3)dzoh (2)lui-(3)mut.	
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33. Goung(1)-Tsau(1) Dzit(3) gau(2) (3)Jin-(1)shue, (2)Yut looh(2)-dau(1) (1)Yun soong(3)-(2)kal, (3)Kul-(3)day soong(3) beng(2) bar(2) (2)kui-(3)day-goh(3) tsun(1)-tsik(1), (1)Yung-(2)Yau, (3)dzoh (2)lui-(3)mut.	
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34. Goung(1)-Tsau(1) Dzit(3) gau(2) (3)Jin-(1)shue, (2)Yut looh(2)-dau(1) (1)Yun soong(3)-(2)kal, (3)Kul-(3)day soong(3) beng(2) bar(2) (2)kui-(3)day-goh(3) tsun(1)-tsik(1), (1)Yung-(2)Yau, (3)dzoh (2)lui-(3)mut.	
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INDIA BLAMED FOR KASHMIR DEADLOCK

Lake Success, September 14.

Pakistan's Foreign Minister, Sir Mohammed Zafrullah Khan, today blamed India for continuing the Kashmir dispute.

He told the press: "Pakistan has throughout been willing to abide by the result of a free and impartial plebiscite providing that it could be held under conditions which would make it free and impartial in fact."

"India, while paying lip service to this democratic principle, has throughout resisted efforts of the Security Council and its appointed commission to bring about conditions enabling a free and impartial plebiscite."

"The Indian Government, by its attitude, has created a deadlock over the truce terms."

recently proposed that the parties should agree to the arbitration of Admiral Nimitz with reference to matters over which they disagreed in connection with the truce terms.

"This proposal was reinforced by very earnest appeals from President Truman and Mr. Clement Attlee."

"Pakistan has accepted the proposal but from Press reports it would appear that India has not accepted the proposal. The continuation of the dispute constitutes a very grave threat to the peace of all Asia and thus to the maintenance of international peace."

(India's delegate, Benegal Rao, said India has sent its reply to the commission's proposal. Rao refused to reveal the details and declined to comment on Khan's statement.)

Moslem Property
Khan said India has shown no willingness to submit the Punjab River dispute to the International Court of Justice.

He charged that India has taken steps in East and West Punjab to obtain the possession of large blocks of property owned by Moslems in the areas from which there has been little or no migration of Moslems and even in cases where property was in the actual occupation of its owners."

Khan said that India would oppose election of India to the Security Council on the grounds that it would be "irregular" for India to sit on the Council while she is a party to a dispute before that body.—United Press.

RADIO

This is Radio Hong Kong broadcasting on a frequency of 845 kilocycles per second and on 9.52 megacycles per second in the 31 metre band.

12.15—Cathode Prayers by the Rev. Father R. W. Gallagher, S.J. (Studio).

12.30—"Hong Kong Calling"—Daily Programme Summary.

12.32—London Studio Melodist: Gerald and His Orchestra with Eve Hecke and Archie Lewis (Vocal).

1.00—"The Last Octet" (HBCS).

1.15—News,

ROYAL INTEROCEAN LINES

JAVA PORTS and MACASSAR

SAILINGS	ARRIVALS
"TJISADANE" 1st Oct.	17th Sept.
"TJITJALENGKA" 1st Oct.	30th Sept.

MANILA

SAILINGS	ARRIVALS
"TJISADANE" 22nd Sept.	29th Sept.
"STRAAT MALAKKA" 7th Oct.	25th Sept.
"BOISSEVAIN" 3rd Oct.	18th Oct.
"STRAAT SOENDA" 30th Nov.	

SINGAPORE, PENANG and BELAWAN DELI

SAILINGS	ARRIVALS
"VAN HEUTSZ" 19th Sept.	29th Sept.
"VAN RIEMSDIJK" 19th Oct.	13th Oct.
"VAN HEUTSZ" 19th Oct.	

EAST & SOUTH AFRICA & SOUTH AMERICA

SAILINGS	ARRIVALS
"TJISADANE" 22nd Sept.	29th Sept.
"STRAAT MALAKKA" 7th Oct.	25th Sept.
"BOISSEVAIN" 3rd Oct.	18th Oct.
"STRAAT SOENDA" 30th Nov.	

* not proceeding beyond South Africa.
Calling at Mombasa & L. Marques Direct.
Transshipment cargo accepted on through B/L to Dar-Es-Salaam and Zanzibar.

JAPAN

SAILINGS	ARRIVALS
"TJIMIENTUNG" 17th Sept.	5th Oct.
"STRAAT MALAKKA" 22nd Sept.	11th Oct.
"BOISSEVAIN" 29th Sept.	29th Oct.
"STRAAT SOENDA" 20th Oct.	

* no passenger accommodation.

Agents: HOLLAND—EAST ASIA LINE
EUROPE via MANILA and MALAYA

SAILINGS	ARRIVALS
"MARIEKERK" End Sept.	Early Oct.
"MOLENKERK" End Oct.	Early Oct.

Transshipment cargo accepted on through B/L to India, Mediterranean and Northern European ports.

JAPAN

SAILINGS	ARRIVALS
"MARIEKERK" Early Oct.	End Sept.
"MOLENKERK" Early Oct.	End Oct.

KING'S BUILDING: TELS: 28015 to 28017
CHINESE AGENTS: 82, CONNAUGHT RD. C. TEL: 31196-25133

DE LA RAMA LINES

ARRIVING FROM U.S. ATLANTIC COAST
VIA LOS ANGELES & SAN FRANCISCO
In Port
M.V. "BENARES" Mid Oct.
S.S. "DONA AURORA"

SAILING FOR U.S. ATLANTIC COAST
VIA LOS ANGELES
M.V. "HALLAND" 21st Sept.
S.S. "DONA AURORA" Mid Oct.

THE DE LA RAMA STEAMSHIP CO., INC.
(Incorporated in the Philippines)
MARINA HOUSE CHINESE SHIPPING OFFICE
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THE SWEDISH EAST ASIA CO., LTD.

M.V. "BENARES"

SAILING 17th SEPTEMBER

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CASABLANCA, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM (AMSTERDAM),
HAMBURG, COPENHAGEN, OSLO & GOTHENBURG

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20 Connaught Road, C. Tel. 24635

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

SURPRISE MOVE ON GOLD PRICE ISSUE

Hong Kong Stock Exchange

The Market is steady, though on the quiet side.

H.K. GOVT. LOANS

4% Loan 1949-50 100b.

5% Loan 1949-50 100b.

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Washington, September 14.
South Africa, in a surprise move, withdrew today her motion before the Gold Committee of the International Monetary Fund seeking permission to sell half her gold production in a free market.

South Africa can raise the question again before the Board of Governors during their present annual meeting which ends on Friday.

M. Camille Gutt, Managing Director of the Fund, told reporters after today's meeting of the Gold Committee that Mr. N. C. Havenga, the South African Finance Minister, had withdrawn his motion.

This motion sought to allow the sale of half the gold production of member countries at higher prices than the fixed rate of \$35 an ounce.

He said that Mr. Havenga withdrew his motion on the grounds that it was too narrow.

Mr. Gutt said that the South African Minister had explained to the Committee that his main purpose in introducing the motion was to increase the price of gold generally but that this could not be achieved by his motion.

Mr. Gutt said that the discussion followed exactly the same pattern as at the meeting of Governors yesterday when the South African proposal was immediately opposed by the United States Secretary of the Treasury, Mr. John Snyder.

Pressure Group At Work
M. Gutt said Mr. Havenga explained that he did not want the subject of an increased gold price to be decided at once, but he would prefer it to be referred to the Board of Executive Directors of the Fund.

Before it was announced that South Africa had withdrawn from the motion, it was reported from Washington that observers there believed that South Africa would fall in her bid for a relaxation of the International Monetary Fund's fixed gold price, though American mine owners were reported to be planning a pressure group for a higher price level.

The United States was not expected to agree to any change in the price of gold, but South Africa's arguments might be.

In spite of the American official attitude, United States gold producers, who dig 1,500,000 ounces a year, saw Mr. Havenga's motion as a move to increase their income.

He said that they were reported to have told him that they intended to organize a pressure group to influence United States legislation for a higher price.

PI Views
The Philippine delegation headed by the Central Bank chairman, Miguel Cuaderno, felt it useless to press the matter further in view of the obvious intention of more powerful members, such as the United States, to fight the gold price increase.

Mr. Cuaderno told the United Press later that the attitude of the Fund on the gold question was set forth clearly in the Fund's annual report. The Fund's attitude is against an increase in gold prices, he said.

But, he said, the South African delegate and he himself considered the idea of full study of the question as something which might have long-range benefits for gold-producing areas such as South Africa and the Philippines.

However, he said, the United Kingdom representatives sought to refer the gold question to the executive directors in terms which would be so restrictive as to instruct the directors to disapprove the idea of gold price increase. The United States proposal, broader than the United Kingdom's, was still too restrictive to be of much value, he said—Reuter and United Press.

Notice To Consignees
S.S. "EUMAEUS"
Damaged cargo ex this vessel will be surveyed by Messrs. Goddard & Douglas at Holt's Wharf from 10 a.m. on September 17 and 19, 1949, and consignees or requested to have their representatives present during the survey.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.
Hong Kong, Sept. 16, 1949.

Notice To Consignees
S/S "ULYSSES"
Damaged cargo ex this vessel will be surveyed at Holt's Wharf from 10 a.m. on September 17 and 19, 1949, and consignees or requested to have their representatives present during the survey.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.
Hong Kong, Sept. 15, 1949.

Notice To Consignees
S.S. "TAKSANG"
From HAIKONG, STRAITS & CALCUTTA
arrived September 9, 1949

Damaged cargo ex this vessel will be surveyed in the premises of the Hong Kong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co., Ltd., between the hours of 10 a.m. on Thursday, September 15, 1949. Consignees are advised to have their representatives present during the survey.

Claims for damage or shortage may not be accepted if the damage is not surveyed by Messrs. Goddard & Douglas in the presence of Consignees' representatives at this appointed time.

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.
General Managers,
Indo-China
Steam Navigation Co., Ltd.

Notice To Consignees
S.S. "LA MARSEILLAISE"
Consignees for Company's M/V "LA MARSEILLAISE" are hereby notified that their cargo is being discharged into the Hong Kong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co.'s godown, where it will be at Consignees' risk and subject to the Wharf's terms and conditions of storage, and where delivery may be obtained as soon as the goods are landed.

Damaged packages are to be left in the godowns for examination by Consignees and the Company's surveyors. Messrs. Goddard & Douglas at 10 a.m. on Friday, September 16, 1949.

To comply with the General Bonded Warehouse Regulations Consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance when damaged dutiable goods are examined.

No claim will be admitted after the goods have left the steamer's godown, and all goods remaining undelivered after September 17, 1949, will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the undersigned on or before October 6, 1949, or they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

CIE DES MESSEGERIES MARITIMES
Hong Kong, Sept. 14, 1949.

New York Stock Exchange

New York, September 15.
The stock market ended a little lower on Wednesday after an early rally failed to hold. Trading was at the rate of more than 1,700,000 shares, one of the heaviest sessions this year.

The market was unable to carry through on the broad Tuesday advance. Leaders, mostly on the downside, spread out over a range that went as much as a point either way.

A little lower were Bethlehem Steel, Homestake Mining, Standard Oil of N. J., Douglas and Westinghouse Electric. On the upside were Union Pacific, Phelps Dodge and Philco.

Dow Jones closing averages: Stocks 65.36, Industrials 183.14, Ralls 47.05, Utilities 37.95.

Closing quotations: Adams Express 20 1/2, Alaska Juneau 3 1/2, American Can 9 1/2, American Smelting 48 1/2, American Telephone 143 1/2, American Tobacco 72 1/2, American Waterworks 7 1/2, Anaconda Copper 28, Aviation Corp. 5 1/2, Baldwin Locomotive 9 1/2, Barnsdall 50 1/2, Bendix Aviation 30 1/2, Bethlehem Steel 28 1/2, Boeing Aircraft 20 1/2, Borden Co. 45, Canadian Pacific 14 1/2, J. I. Case 30, Chrysler 53 1/2, Colgate 39, Commercial Solvents 10 1/2, Corn Products 63 1/2, Du Pont 52 1/2, Eastman Kodak 42 1/2, General Electric 38, General Motors 63 1/2, Goodrich 67 1/2, Goodyear 39 1/2, Homestake Mining 42 1/2, International Harvester 28 1/2, International Paper 58 1/2, International Tel. & Tel. 9, Johns Manville 40 1/2, Kennecott Copper 47 1/2, Montgomery Ward 55 1/2, National Distillers 20 1/2, National Lead 32 1/2, New York Central 10 1/2, Packard Motors 4, Pan American Airways 8 1/2, Pennsylvania RR 14 1/2, Radio Corp. 12 1/2, Remington Rand 9 1/2, Republic Steel 20 1/2, Reynolds Tobacco 38 1/2, Schenley 28 1/2, Sears Roebuck 41 1/2, Shell Oil 37 1/2, Socony Vacuum 17 1/2, Southern Pacific 40 1/2, Standard Brands 21, Standard Oil of Cal. 69 1/2, Standard Oil of N. J. 71 1/2, Studebaker 22 1/2, Union Carbide 40, US Rubber 33 1/2, US Steel 23 1/2, US Lines 15, Westinghouse 25 1/2, Youngstown Sheet & Tub. 68 1/2, Gen. Pub. Utilities 14 1/2.

Associated Press.

U.S. Steel Agrees To Bargain
Pittsburgh, September 15.
Big steel agreed today to resume bargaining with the Congress of Industrial Organizations United Steelworkers without committing itself on the Presidential Board's formula for peace in America's basic industry.

The giant United States Steel Corporation joined Jones and Laughlin and Republic in consenting to negotiating a new U.S. Steel is the industry's bellwether. Its action means the others will fall in line.

A \$381,000,000 rally in the stock market was Wall Street's response to Monday's acceptance of the no wage raise formula by the steelworkers' union. Steels led the rally.

Asked if U.S. Steel's step meant acceptance of the Presidential Board recommendations, a spokesman replied: "I wouldn't think so."

Big steel's move came several hours after President Truman applauded developments in the steel situation. The strike truce expired at midnight had been extended 11 days until September 25 at Mr. Truman's request and U.S. Steel's production returned to normal—Associated Press.

U.S. Buys Less And Sells More
Washington, September 14.
The United States bought less and sold more to the world in the second quarter of this year than she did in the first quarter, Department of Commerce figures showed today.

She bought \$80,000,000 worth of goods less from the Sterling Area and sold \$88,000,000 worth more.

The total adverse balance of trade of the Sterling Area rose by \$174,000,000.

Buying from the Sterling Area fell from \$334,000,000 in the first quarter to \$440,000,000 in the second quarter, the Department's Office of Business Economics reported.

Over the whole world the United States cut its buying by \$107,000,000 and increased the sale of its own goods in foreign markets by \$254,000,000—Reuter.

RUBBER PRICES NOT AFFECTED
Colombo, September 15.
The decision of the U.S. and Canada in Washington to buy more rubber for stockpiling purposes has had no appreciable effect on local rubber prices.

Mr. H. W. Amarasinghe, Ceylon's Commerce Minister, said that prices would improve only if competition from other countries for Ceylon rubber becomes keen.

The Prime Minister, Mr. D. S. Senanayake, said the Washington decision was not subject to a guarantee to warrant re-introduction of a wage board for the rubber industry—Associated Press.

NY RUBBER
New York, September 14.
Crude rubber No. 1 futures closed 32 to 40 lower. Sales 125 contracts.

September 18.40
December 17.80-85.
March 17.52-56.
Spot No. 1 ribbed smoked sheets 18.13—Associated Press.

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No Fire Insurance will be effected.

CIE DES MESSEGERIES MARITIMES
Hong Kong, Sept. 14, 1949.

AMERICAN PRESIDENT LINES

TO HONOLULU & SAN FRANCISCO via JAPAN

"General Gordon" Arr. Sept. 20	Sail Sept. 21
"President Wilson" Arr. Sept. 20	Sail Sept. 21
"President Cleveland" Arr. Oct. 15	Sail Oct. 16

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

ARRIVALS FROM

"CHINON"	Japan	9th Oct.
"BREST"	Europe	3rd Oct.
"CHAMPOLLION"	Marseilles	3rd Nov.

SAILINGS TO PASSENGER/FREIGHT SERVICE

"CHAMPOLLION"	Marseilles via Manila	4th Nov.
"CHINON"	N. Africa & Europe	5th Oct.
"BREST"	N. Africa & Europe	6th Oct.

FOR PORT SAID, TUNIS, MARSEILLES, ALGIERS, TANGIER, CASABLANCA, HAVRE, DUNKIRK, ANTWERP & ROTTERDAM

"DR. ANGLIER" Halphong 20th Sept.
Cargo accepted on through B/Ls for KUNMING
For Passage and Freight Apply to—

CIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

Queen's Building Tel. 26651 (three lines)

WATERMAN STEAMSHIP CORPORATION

MOBILE, ALA., U.S.A.

WATERMAN LINE EXPRESS FREIGHT SERVICE

FROM U.S. ATLANTIC COAST via JAPAN

S.S. "YAKA" Due about 16th Oct. 1949.
S.S. "CITY OF ALMA" Due about 1st Nov. 1949.
Direct for New York, Baltimore and Philadelphia via Japan, Honolulu

For freight and further particulars apply to—

WALLEM & COMPANY

Agents, Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Bldg. Tels. 34177-9.

IVARAN LINES FAR EAST SERVICE

FROM U.S. ATLANTIC COAST via MANILA

S.S. "REINHOLD" Due about 17th Sept. 1949.
S.S. "BORGHOLT" Due about 5th Oct. 1949.

For freight and further particulars apply to—

WALLEM & COMPANY

Agents, Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Bldg. Tels. 34177-9.

THE PACIFIC ORIENT EXPRESS LINE

From U.S. PACIFIC COAST

S.S. "VINGNES" Due about 29th Sept. 1949.
S.S. "BOOLONGENA" Due about 31st Oct. 1949.

For particulars please apply to—

WALLEM & COMPANY

Agents, Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Bldg. Tels. 34177-9.

MAERSK LINE

Managed by A. F. MOLLER, COPENHAGEN.

General Agents in U.S.A. MOLLER STEAMSHIP COMPANY INC.

FAST FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE TO: NEW YORK, PHILADELPHIA, BOSTON & BALTIMORE, VIA SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES AND PANAMA

Accepting transshipment cargo for Caribbean and Gulf Ports

NEXT SAILINGS

S.S. "GRETE MAERSK" Sept. 28
S.S. "ANNA MAERSK" Oct. 9
S.S. "OLGA MAERSK" Oct. 19

Special Tanks available for the carriage of oil in bulk

ARRIVALS FROM U.S.A.

S.S. "OLGA MAERSK" In Port
S.S. "LAURA MAERSK" Oct. 1
S.S. "GERTRUDE MAERSK" Oct. 25

For further particulars please apply to—

JEBSEN & CO. Agents, Queen's Building, Tel. 26651-3

AIR AND SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

Shipping Arrivals

YESTERDAY

Honolulu (Hawaii) ex-Atlantic Coast.	
Manila (Philippines) ex-Atlantic Coast.	

TODAY

Taipei (H. & S.) ex-Amoy.	
Wangsin (Jardine) ex-Calcutta.	

TOMORROW

Fukien (H. & S.) ex-Kobe.	
Glenorchy (Jardine) ex-U.K.	

For Port Said, Tunis, Marseilles, Algiers, Tangier, Casablanca, Havre, Dunkirk, Antwerp & Rotterdam

Shipping Departures

YESTERDAY

Chongqing (H. & S.) for Sydney.	
Chongqing (H. & S.) for Los Angeles.	

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Amoy (H. & S.) for Amoy.	
Amoy (H. & S.) for Manila.	

TOMORROW

Amoy (H. & S.) for Amoy.	
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Vessels In Port

Amoy (H. & S.)	A.S.
Amoy (H. & S.)	T.D.

Amoy (H. & S.)	S.S.
Amoy (H. & S.)	K.B.

Amoy (H. & S.)	K.W.
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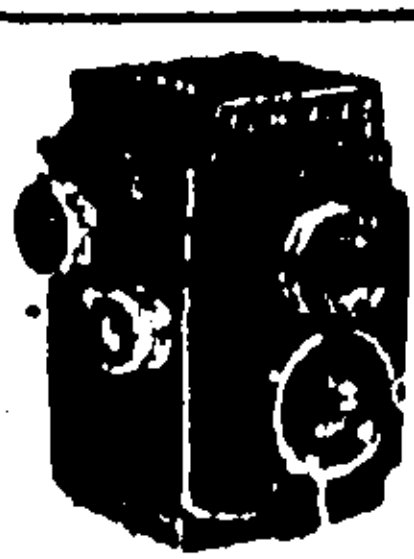
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October	1 Tjiltjalengka (R
..... 18	8 Steel Worker (G
	8 Van Riemsdijk



Get One Today—
ELMOFLEX
CAMERAS
With a Self-Timer, Auto-Film-Counter and F3.5 Lens.
Reliable & Economical.

CHINA MAIL

HONG KONG, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1949.

Rocky Graziano Scores TKO Over Fusari In 10th Round

New York, September 14.

The former middleweight champion, Rocky Graziano, smashed his way back into the "big time" tonight by scoring a technical knockout over welterweight Charlie Fusari at 2:04 of the 10th round before 30,000 fans in the Polo Ground.

Graziano, making his first appearance in a New York ring in three years, surprised everyone by remaining on his feet for the whole bruising battle and by outboxing his lighter and faster opponent before finally battering him into helplessness.

Entries For Seventh Race Meeting

The following are the entries for the Seventh Race Meeting to be held on Saturday, September 24.

1. St. James Park Handicap (2nd Section), Class 5, 1 1/4 Miles, American Sires, 1949, 1948, 1947, 1946, 1945, 1944, 1943, 1942, 1941, 1940, 1939, 1938, 1937, 1936, 1935, 1934, 1933, 1932, 1931, 1930, 1929, 1928, 1927, 1926, 1925, 1924, 1923, 1922, 1921, 1920, 1919, 1918, 1917, 1916, 1915, 1914, 1913, 1912, 1911, 1910, 1909, 1908, 1907, 1906, 1905, 1904, 1903, 1902, 1901, 1900, 1899, 1898, 1897, 1896, 1895, 1894, 1893, 1892, 1891, 1890, 1889, 1888, 1887, 1886, 1885, 1884, 1883, 1882, 1881, 1880, 1879, 1878, 1877, 1876, 1875, 1874, 1873, 1872, 1871, 1870, 1869, 1868, 1867, 1866, 1865, 1864, 1863, 1862, 1861, 1860, 1859, 1858, 1857, 1856, 1855, 1854, 1853, 1852, 1851, 1850, 1849, 1848, 1847, 1846, 1845, 1844, 1843, 1842, 1841, 1840, 1839, 1838, 1837, 1836, 1835, 1834, 1833, 1832, 1831, 1830, 1829, 1828, 1827, 1826, 1825, 1824, 1823, 1822, 1821, 1820, 1819, 1818, 1817, 1816, 1815, 1814, 1813, 1812, 1811, 1810, 1809, 1808, 1807, 1806, 1805, 1804, 1803, 1802, 1801, 1800, 1799, 1798, 1797, 1796, 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British And Czech Teams Still In Lead

Llandrindod Wells, Wales, September 14.

At the end of today's circuit in the international six-day motorcycle trials in the Welsh mountains, the British and Czech teams were still in the lead in the International Trophy, the major award of the trial.

Neither team had lost any marks.

Today's run was yesterday's 232-mile route in reverse, and at the end of it the competitors had covered over 700 miles. The total length of the trial course is nearly 1,250 miles, with a speed test at the end.

An Italian competitor, Carlo Ubiali, today reached the lunch-hour stop with a dead rabbit across his petrol tank. He had run over it on the mountain route during his run.

There were cheers and applause from the crowd as Ubiali, with a courtly gesture, presented the rabbit to his team manager.

A special meeting of the jury of the trial officials was to sit to discuss whether the eight marks lost by a doctor rider, because of an errand of mercy, would be discounted.

Dr. R. L. Gallaway, who is medical superintendent of the West Middlesex Hospital, was bringing his Triumph combination over a rocky stretch of mountain when he saw another competitor lying on the ground with a broken leg.

Through attending to the injured man, he arrived late at the finishing check point and lost eight marks.—Reuter.

Barnes Won't Make Trip

Sydney, September 14.

The Australian Test cricketers, Sid Barnes, said tonight that he had been approached to go to India with the British Empire team this winter but would not be able to make the trip.

Barnes said that the climate in India would be too trying for him as he disliked heat. "Besides it would not look well for me to go on the Indian tour after making myself unavailable for the Australian tour of South Africa," he said. Barnes added that he would be going to England with the Australian professional golfer, Norman Von Nida, in February, 1950. He said it would be a business trip but he might also decide to live in England permanently.—Reuter.

British Shield Sports Tournament

London, September 14.

France, bidding for her third consecutive win, was off to a good start today in the Britannia Shield Sports tournament which commemorates